

Hong Tai Electric Industrial CO., LTD.
And Subsidiaries
Consolidated Financial Statements
With Independent Auditors' Review Report
For the Nine Month Periods Ended
September 30, 2024 and 2023

The reader is advised that these financial statements have been prepared originally in Chinese. This English version is a translation of the Chinese finance statements and has not been reviewed by accountant. In the event of a conflict between these financial statements and the original Chinese version or difference in interpretation between the two versions, the Chinese language financial statements shall prevail.

Consolidated Financial Statements

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Independent Auditors' Review Report

To Hong Tai Electric Industrial Co., LTD.

Introduction

The consolidated balance sheets of Hong Tai Electric Co., Ltd. and its subsidiaries as of September 30, 2024 and 2023, and the consolidated statements of comprehensive income for the three month periods ended September 30, 2024 and 2023 and for the nine month periods ended September 30, 2024 and 2023, the consolidated statements of changes in equity, consolidated statements of cash flows for the nine month periods ended September 30, 2024 and 2023, as well as the notes to the consolidated financial statements (including a summary of significant accounting policies), have been reviewed by our firm. The preparation and fair presentation of these consolidated financial statements in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and International Accounting Standard 34 "Interim Financial Reporting," as endorsed and made effective by the Financial Supervisory Commission, are the responsibility of the management. Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on these consolidated financial statements based on our review.

Scope of Review

Except for what is stated in the basis for retaining the conclusion section, this accountant performed the review in accordance with Standard No. 2410 "Review of Financial Statements." The procedures performed during the review of the consolidated financial statements included inquiries (mainly inquiries of personnel responsible for financial and accounting matters), analytical procedures, and other review procedures. The scope of the review work is significantly less than that of an audit; therefore, this accountant may not be able to detect all significant matters that could be identified through an audit, and hence cannot express an audit opinion.

Basis for Qualified Conclusion

As stated in Note 4.3 of the consolidated financial statements, the interim financial statements of certain immaterial subsidiaries included in the aforementioned consolidated financial statements have not been reviewed by accountants. As of September 30, 2024 and 2023, the total assets of these subsidiaries amounted to NT\$317,433 thousand and NT\$305,717 thousand, respectively, accounting for 4% and 4% of the total consolidated assets; their total liabilities amounted to NT\$11,191 thousand and NT\$10,678 thousand, respectively, accounting for 1% and 1% of the total consolidated liabilities; and their total comprehensive income for the three month periods ended September 30, 2024 and 2023, and for the nine month periods ended September 30, 2024 and 2023, amounted to profits of NT\$8,381 thousand, NT\$4,519 thousand, NT\$43,188 thousand, and NT\$64,363 thousand, respectively, accounting for 31%, 3%, 7%, and 10% of the total consolidated comprehensive income, respectively. Additionally, as stated in Note 6.8 of the consolidated financial statements, investments

using the equity method in Hong Tai Electric Co., Ltd. and its subsidiaries amounted to NT\$190,433 thousand and NT\$125,228 thousand as of September 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively. The share of profits from associates and joint ventures recognized using the equity method for the three month periods ended September 30, 2024 and 2023, and for the nine month periods ended September 30, 2024 and 2023, amounted to profits of NT\$2,916 thousand, NT\$16,327 thousand, NT\$30,013 thousand, and NT\$34,146 thousand, respectively, and the share of other comprehensive income from associates and joint ventures recognized using the equity method, amounted to profits of NT\$15,420 thousand, profits of NT\$3,695 thousand, profits of NT\$38,382 thousand and loss of NT\$27,760 thousand, respectively, based on the interim financial statements of the investee companies that have not been reviewed by accountants. The information related to the aforementioned subsidiaries and investee companies disclosed in Note 13 of the consolidated financial statements has also not been reviewed by accountants.

Qualified Conclusion

Based on our review, except for the possible effects of adjustments to the consolidated financial statements if the financial statements and related information of certain immaterial subsidiaries and investee companies accounted for using the equity method, as described in the Basis for Qualified Conclusion section, had been reviewed by accountants, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the aforementioned consolidated financial statements do not present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of Hong Tai Electric Co., Ltd. and its subsidiaries as of September 30, 2024 and 2023, and their consolidated financial performance and consolidated cash flows for the three month periods ended September 30, 2024 and 2023, and for the nine month periods ended September 30, 2024 and 2023, in accordance with the Guidelines for the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and International Accounting Standard 34 "Interim Financial Reporting" as endorsed and issued into effect by the Financial Supervisory Commission.

Liu, Jung-Chin

Chang, Chih-Ming

Ernst & Young, Taiwan

November 8, 2024

Notice to Readers

The accompanying consolidated financial statements are intended only to present the financial position, results of operations and cash flows in accordance with accounting principles and practices generally accepted in the Republic of China and not those of any other jurisdictions. The standards, procedures and practices to audit such consolidated financial statements are those generally accepted and applied in the Republic of China.

Accordingly, the accompanying consolidated financial statements and report of independent accountants are not intended for use by those who are not informed about the accounting principles or auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of China, and their applications in practice. As the financial statements are the responsibility of the management, Ernst & Young cannot accept any liability for the use of, or reliance on, the English translation or for any errors or misunderstandings that may derive from the translation.

English Translation of Financial Statements Originally Issued in Chinese

HONG TAI ELECTRIC INDUSTRIAL CO., LTD.

Consolidated Balance Sheets

As at September 30, 2024 , December 31, 2023 and September 30, 2023

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

Assets			September 30, 2024		December 31, 2023		September 30, 2023	
Code	Items	Notes	Amount	%	Amount	%	Amount	%
	Current Assets							
1100	Cash and Cash equivalents	4 , 6.1	\$950,805	11	\$1,929,079	23	\$1,721,157	21
1110	Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss, Current	4 , 6.2	340,775	4	295,436	3	250,238	3
1120	Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income, Current	4 , 6.3	24,488	-	22,832	-	19,748	-
1136	Financial Assets at Amortized Cost, Current	4 , 6.4 , 8	678	-	-	-	-	-
1150	Notes Receivable, Net	4 , 6.5 , 6.16	73,936	1	40,780	1	42,111	1
1170	Accounts Receivables, Net	4 , 6.6 , 6.16	991,380	12	1,062,603	13	882,213	11
1200	Other Receivables	7	6,428	-	2,149	-	4,087	-
130x	Inventories	4 , 6.7	2,314,251	27	1,733,892	20	1,858,343	23
1410	Prepayments		68,456	1	76,617	1	135,422	2
1470	Other Current Assets		28	-	-	-	100	-
11xx	Total Current Assets		<u>4,771,225</u>	<u>56</u>	<u>5,163,388</u>	<u>61</u>	<u>4,913,419</u>	<u>61</u>
	Non - current Assets							
1517	Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income, Non - current	4 , 6.3	1,963,073	23	1,557,416	18	1,368,605	17
1535	Financial Assets at Amortized Cost, Non - current	4 , 6.4 , 8	33,500	-	-	-	-	-
1550	Investments Accounted for Using the Equity Method	4 , 6.8	190,433	2	133,016	2	125,228	2
1600	Property, Plant and Equipment	4 , 6.9 , 8	1,267,213	15	1,295,077	15	1,357,495	17
1755	Right-of-use Asset	4 , 6.17	446	-	4,333	-	5,182	-
1760	Investment Property, Net	4 , 6.10 , 8	113,137	1	113,753	1	113,959	1
1840	Deferred Income Tax Assets	4 , 6.21	10,291	-	15,627	-	19,900	-
1920	Refundable Deposits	7	215,377	3	212,746	3	133,454	2
1990	Other Non - Current Assets		968	-	823	-	901	-
15xx	Total Non - Current Assets		<u>3,794,438</u>	<u>44</u>	<u>3,332,791</u>	<u>39</u>	<u>3,124,724</u>	<u>39</u>
1xxx	Total Assets		<u>\$8,565,663</u>	<u>100</u>	<u>\$8,496,179</u>	<u>100</u>	<u>\$8,038,143</u>	<u>100</u>

(The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.)

English Translation of Financial Statements Originally Issued in Chinese
HONG TAI ELECTRIC INDUSTRIAL CO., LTD.
Consolidated Balance Sheets
As at September 30, 2024 , December 31, 2023 and September 30, 2023
(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

Liabilities and Equity			September 30, 2024		December 31, 2023		September 30, 2023	
Code	Items	Notes	Amount	%	Amount	%	Amount	%
2100	Current Liabilities							
	Short - term Loans	6.11	\$2,521	-	\$4,214	-	\$3,482	-
2130	Contract Liabilities, Current	4 , 6.15	228,979	3	108,833	1	107,513	1
2150	Notes Payable		222	-	5,859	-	309	-
2160	Notes Payable - Related Parties	7	12,508	-	-	-	47,109	1
2170	Accounts Payable		364,201	4	369,158	4	205,522	3
2180	Accounts Payable - Related Parties	7	1,848	-	26,420	-	46,748	1
2200	Other Payables		188,381	2	214,351	3	163,257	2
2230	Current Tax Liabilities	4	76,480	1	57,395	1	26,553	-
2280	Lease Liabilities, Current	4 , 6.17	312	-	4,035	-	5,071	-
2399	Other Current Liabilities		1,099	-	1,101	-	1,239	-
21xx	Total Current Liabilities		876,551	10	791,366	9	606,803	8
	Non - current Liabilities							
2550	Provisions, Non-current	4 , 6.12	100,000	1	100,000	1	120,000	1
2570	Deferred Tax Liabilities	4	53,020	1	41,457	1	39,514	1
2580	Lease Liabilities, Non-current	4 , 6.17	138	-	330	-	146	-
2640	Defined Benefit Pension Liability	4	5,969	-	8,461	-	13,640	-
2645	Deposits Received		1,579	-	1,597	-	1,597	-
25xx	Total Non-current Liabilities		160,706	2	151,845	2	174,897	2
2xxx	Total Liabilities		1,037,257	12	943,211	11	781,700	10
31xx	Equity attributable to owners of the parent company	4 , 6.14						
3110	Common Stock		3,160,801	37	3,160,801	37	3,160,801	39
3200	Capital Surplus		191,704	2	191,704	2	191,704	2
3300	Retained Earnings							
3310	Legal Reserves		1,167,221	14	1,096,954	13	1,096,954	14
3320	Special Reserve		-	-	179,492	2	179,492	2
3350	Unappropriated Earnings		2,980,256	35	2,883,290	34	2,682,367	33
	Total Retained Earnings		4,147,477	49	4,159,736	49	3,958,813	49
3400	Other Equity							
3410	Exchange Differences on Translation of Foreign Operations		(302,493)	(4)	(345,854)	(4)	(335,175)	(4)
3420	Unrealized Gains or Losses on Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value through		328,515	4	384,147	5	277,659	4
	Total Other Equity		26,022	-	38,293	1	(57,516)	-
	Total equity attributable to owners of the parent company		7,526,004	88	7,550,534	89	7,253,802	90
36xx	Non-controlling interest		2,402	-	2,434	-	2,641	-
3xxx	Total Equity		7,528,406	88	7,552,968	89	7,256,443	90
	Total Liabilities and Equity		\$8,565,663	100	\$8,496,179	100	\$8,038,143	100

(The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.)

English Translation of Financial Statements Originally Issued in Chinese

HONG TAI ELECTRIC INDUSTRIAL CO., LTD.

Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income

For the nine month periods ended September 30, 2024 and 2023

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

Code	Items	Notes	For the three month periods ended September 30, 2024		For the three month periods ended September 30, 2023		For the nine month periods ended September 30, 2024		For the nine month periods ended September 30, 2023	
			Amount	%	Amount	%	Amount	%	Amount	%
4000	Operating Revenue	4 , 6.15 , 7	\$1,537,983	100	\$1,636,528	100	\$4,823,172	100	\$4,448,558	100
5000	Operating Costs	6.7 , 6.13 , 6.18 , 7	(1,333,526)	(87)	(1,449,682)	(89)	(4,041,126)	(84)	(3,830,718)	(86)
5900	Gross Margin		204,457	13	186,846	11	782,046	16	617,840	14
6000	Operating Expenses	6.13 , 6.18 , 7	(56,404)	(4)	(71,036)	(4)	(176,950)	(3)	(200,151)	(5)
6450	Expected Credit Impairment Gains (Losses)	4 , 6.16	(3,339)	-	14,156	1	1,151	-	(4,749)	-
	Total Operating Expense		(59,743)	(4)	(56,880)	(3)	(175,799)	(3)	(204,900)	(5)
6900	Operating Income (Loss)		144,714	9	129,966	8	606,247	13	412,940	9
7000	Non-operating Income and Expenses	6.19								
7100	Interest Income		4,679	-	3,660	1	13,522	-	10,525	-
7010	Other Income	7	41,967	3	19,525	1	90,285	2	64,939	1
7020	Other Gains and Losses		(24,420)	(1)	(15,334)	(1)	12,689	-	25,099	1
7050	Finance Cost		(329)	-	(321)	-	(1,279)	-	(1,050)	-
7060	Share of Profit or Loss of Subsidiaries, Associates and Joint Ventures Accounted for Using the Equity Method	4 , 6.8	2,916	-	16,327	1	30,013	1	34,146	1
	Total Non-operating Income and Expenses		24,813	2	23,857	2	145,230	3	133,659	3
7900	Income (Loss) Before Income Tax		169,527	11	153,823	10	751,477	16	546,599	12
7950	Income Tax (Expense) Benefits	4 , 6.21	(31,537)	(2)	(31,779)	(2)	(144,876)	(3)	(93,812)	(2)
8200	Net Income (Loss)		137,990	9	122,044	8	606,601	13	452,787	10
8300	Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)	6.20								
8310	Items that will not be Reclassified Subsequently to Profit or Loss									
8316	Unrealized Gains (Losses) from Equity Instruments Investments Measured at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income		(119,001)	(8)	16,588	1	(35,246)	(1)	195,410	5
8349	Income Tax Related to Items that will not be Reclassified Subsequently	6.21	(3,135)	-	(6,640)	-	(6,971)	-	(1,914)	-
8360	Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss									
8361	Foreign operating agency financial statement exchange difference		(4,146)	-	5,777	-	4,979	-	5,694	-
8370	The share of the share of other comprehensive gains and losses of affiliated companies and joint ventures recognized using the equity method-items that may be reclassified to gains and losses	4 , 6.8	15,420	1	3,695	-	38,382	1	(27,760)	(1)
	Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)		(110,862)	(7)	19,420	1	1,144	-	171,430	4
8500	Total Comprehensive Income (Loss)		\$27,128	2	\$141,464	9	\$607,745	13	\$624,217	14
8600	Net Profit Attributable To:									
8610	Attributable to the owner of the parent company		\$138,003	9	\$121,594	7	\$606,488	13	\$452,296	10
8620	Non-controlling Interest		(13)	-	450	-	113	-	491	-
			\$137,990	9	\$122,044	7	\$606,601	13	\$452,787	10
8700	Total Comprehensive Income (Loss) Attributable To:									
8710	Attributable to the owner of the parent company		\$27,141	2	\$141,015	9	\$607,633	13	\$623,725	14
8720	Non-controlling Interest		(13)	-	449	-	112	-	492	-
			\$27,128	2	\$141,464	9	\$607,745	13	\$624,217	14
	Earnings Per Share (NTD)	6.22								
9750	Earnings Per Share - Basic		\$0.44		\$0.38		\$1.92		\$1.43	
9850	Earnings Per Share - Diluted		\$0.44		\$0.38		\$1.91		\$1.42	

(The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.)

English Translation of Financial Statements Originally Issued in Chinese
HONG TAI ELECTRIC INDUSTRIAL CO., LTD.
Consolidated Statements Of Changes In Equity
For the nine month periods ended September 30, 2024 and 2023
(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

Code	Items	Equity attributable to owners of the parent company								Non-controlling interest	Total equity
		Common Stock	Capital Surplus	Retained Earnings			Other Components of Equity		Equity attributable to owners of the parent company total		
				Legal Reserve	Special Reserve	Unappropriated Earning	Exchange Difference on Translation of Foreign Operations	Unrealized Gains or Losses on Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income			
		3100	3200	3310	3320	3350	3410	3420	31XX	36XX	3XXX
A1	Balance as of January 1, 2023	\$3,160,801	\$191,704	\$1,061,473	\$-	\$2,869,712	\$(313,109)	\$133,616	\$7,104,197	\$2,182	\$7,106,379
	Appropriation and Distribution of the Earnings										
B1	Legal Reserve	-	-	35,481	-	(35,481)	-	-	-	-	-
B3	Special Reserve	-	-	-	179,492	(179,492)	-	-	-	-	-
B5	Cash Dividends	-	-	-	-	(474,120)	-	-	(474,120)	-	(474,120)
D1	Net income for the nine month periods ended September 30, 2023	-	-	-	-	452,296	-	-	452,296	491	452,787
D3	ended September 30, 2023	-	-	-	-	-	(22,066)	193,495	171,429	1	171,430
D5	Total comprehensive income (loss)	-	-	-	-	452,296	(22,066)	193,495	623,725	492	624,217
O1	Increase (decrease) in non-controlling interests	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(33)	(33)
Q1	Disposal of Equity Instruments Investments Measured at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income	-	-	-	-	49,452	-	(49,452)	-	-	-
Z1	Balance as of September 30, 2023	\$3,160,801	\$191,704	\$1,096,954	\$179,492	\$2,682,367	\$(335,175)	\$277,659	\$7,253,802	\$2,641	\$7,256,443
A1	Balance as of January 1, 2024	\$3,160,801	\$191,704	\$1,096,954	\$179,492	\$2,883,290	\$(345,854)	\$384,147	\$7,550,534	\$2,434	\$7,552,968
	Appropriation and Distribution of the Earnings										
B1	Legal Reserve	-	-	70,267	-	(70,267)	-	-	-	-	-
B5	Cash Dividends	-	-	-	-	(632,160)	-	-	(632,160)	-	(632,160)
B17	Special Reserve	-	-	-	(179,492)	179,492	-	-	-	-	-
D1	Net income for the nine month periods ended September 30, 2024	-	-	-	-	606,488	-	-	606,488	113	606,601
D3	Other comprehensive income (loss) for the nine-month periods ended September 30, 2024	-	-	-	-	-	43,361	(42,216)	1,145	(1)	1,144
D5	Total comprehensive income (loss)	-	-	-	-	606,488	43,361	(42,216)	607,633	112	607,745
M7	Changes in ownership interests in subsidiaries	-	-	-	-	(3)	-	-	(3)	(61)	(64)
O1	Increase (decrease) in non-controlling interests	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(83)	(83)
Q1	Disposal of Equity Instruments Investments Measured at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income	-	-	-	-	13,416	-	(13,416)	-	-	-
Z1	Balance as of September 30, 2024	\$3,160,801	\$191,704	\$1,167,221	\$-	\$2,980,256	\$(302,493)	\$328,515	\$7,526,004	\$2,402	\$7,528,406

(The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.)

English Translation of Financial Statements Originally Issued in Chinese
HONG TAI ELECTRIC INDUSTRIAL CO., LTD.
Consolidated Statements Of Cash Flows
For the nine-month periods ended September 30, 2024 and 2023
(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

Code	Items	For the nine-month periods ended September 30,2024	For the nine-month periods ended September 30,2023
AAAA	Cash Flows From Operating Activities		
A10000	Income Before Income Tax	\$751,477	\$546,599
A20000	Adjustments to Reconcile Income Before Income Tax to Net Cash Provided By Operating Activities:		
A20100	Depreciation expense	58,681	67,489
A20200	Amortization expense	237	1,448
A20300	Expected Credit Impairment (Gains) Losses	(1,151)	4,749
A20900	Interest Expense	1,279	1,050
A21200	Interest Income	(13,522)	(10,525)
A21300	Dividend Income	(72,105)	(40,252)
A22300	Share of Profit or Loss of Subsidiaries, Associates and Joint Ventures for Using the Equity Method	(30,013)	(34,146)
A22500	(Gain) loss on Disposal of Property, Plant and Equipment	632	987
A23800	Reversal of Impairment Loss Recognised in Profit or Loss, Non-financial Assets	(108)	(108)
A30000	Changes in Operating Assets and Liabilities		
A31115	(Increase) Decrease in Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss	(45,339)	13,887
A31130	(Increase) Decrease in Notes Receivable	(33,156)	27,514
A31150	(Increase) Decrease in Accounts Receivable	72,374	(68,574)
A31180	(Increase) Decrease in Other Receivables	(2,512)	3,820
A31200	(Increase) Decrease in Inventories	(580,359)	(9,554)
A31230	(Increase) Decrease in Prepayments	8,161	(15,467)
A31240	(Increase) Decrease in Other Current Assets	(28)	(100)
A32125	Increase (Decrease) in Contract Liabilities	120,146	(36,428)
A32130	Increase (Decrease) in Notes Payable	(5,637)	(4,795)
A32140	Increase (Decrease) in Notes Payable - Related Parties	12,508	(16,068)
A32150	Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payables	(4,957)	(119,355)
A32160	Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payables - Related Parties	(24,572)	7,690
A32180	Increase (Decrease) in Other Payables	(25,968)	(24,927)
A32230	Increase (Decrease) in Other Current Liabilities	(2)	(14)
A32240	Increase (Decrease) in Defined Benefit Pension Liability	(2,492)	(13,777)
A33000	Cash Generated (Outflow) From Operations	183,574	281,143
A33100	Interest Received	12,179	10,645
A33200	Dividend Received	9,582	6,191
A33500	Income Tax Paid	(115,863)	(201,355)
AAAA	Net Cash Provided By (Used in) Operating Activities	89,472	96,624
BBBB	Cash Flows from Investing Activities		
B00010	Acquisition of Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Comprehensive Income	(575,968)	(342,391)
B00020	Proceeds from Disposal of Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Comprehensive Income	125,429	207,569
B00030	Return Financial Assets Capital at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income to Stockholders	10,704	11,229
B00040	Acquisition of Financial Assets Measured at Amortized Cost	(34,178)	-
B02000	Increase in Prepayment for Investments	-	(86,081)
B02700	Acquisition of Property , Plant and Equipment	(26,722)	(95,320)
B02800	Proceeds from Disposal of Property , Plant and Equipment	220	6,745
B03700	Increase in Refundable Deposits	(2,631)	(64,074)
B04100	Increase in Other Receivables	-	(109)
B06700	Increase in Other Non-Current Assets	(382)	(100)
B07600	Dividends Received	80,018	39,513
BBBB	Net cash provided by (Used in) Investing Activities	(423,510)	(323,019)
CCCC	Cash Flows from Financing Activities		
C00100	Increase in Short - term Loans	-	3,482
C00200	Decrease in Short - term Loans	(1,693)	-
C03100	Decrease in Deposits Received	(18)	-
C04020	Cash Payments for the Principal Portion of the Lease Liability	(4,286)	(4,224)
C04500	Payment of Cash Dividends	(632,160)	(474,120)
C05400	Acquisition of Equity Interests in Subsidiaries	(64)	-
C05600	Interest Paid	(1,246)	(981)
C05800	Changes in non-controlling interests	(83)	(33)
CCCC	Net cash provided by (Used in) Financing Activities	(639,550)	(475,876)
DDDD	The impact of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	(4,686)	2,726
EEEE	Net Increase (Decrease) In Cash and Cash equivalents	(978,274)	(699,545)
E00100	Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	1,929,079	2,420,702
E00200	Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$950,805	\$1,721,157

(The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.)

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Hong Tai Electric Industrial Co., Ltd.

Notes To Consolidated Financial Statements

For the nine-month periods ended September 30, 2024 and 2023

(Amounts expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Specified Otherwise)

1. History and organization

Hong Tai Electric Industrial Co., LTD (“the Company”) was founded in August 1968. The main activities of the Company are the manufacturing, processing and sales of wires and cables, CCL, communication products and equipment and accessories. The Company’s common shares were publicly listed on the Taiwan Stock Exchange (TWSE) in February 1993. The Company’s registered office and the main business location is at No. 2, Guojian 1st Rd., Guanyin Dist., Taoyuan, Republic of China (R.O.C.).

2. Date and procedures of authorization of financial statements for issue

The consolidated financial statements of the company and its subsidiaries (“the Group”) for the nine-month periods ended September 30, 2024 and 2023 were authorized for issue in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors on November 8, 2024.

3. Newly issued or revised standards and interpretations

- (1) Changes in accounting policies resulting from applying for the first time certain standards and amendments

The Group applied for the first time International Financial Reporting Standards, International Accounting Standards, and Interpretations issued, revised or amended which are recognized by Financial Supervisory Commission (“FSC”) and become effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2024. The adoption of these new standards and amendments had no material impact on the Group.

- (2) Standards or interpretations issued, revised or amended, by International Accounting Standards Board (“IASB”) which are endorsed by FSC, and adopted by the Group as at the end of the reporting period are listed below.

Items	New, Revised or Amended Standards and Interpretations	Effective Date issued by IASB
1	Lack of Exchangeability – Amendments to IAS 21	1 January 2025

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A. Lack of Exchangeability – Amendments to IAS 21

These amendments specify whether a currency is exchangeable into another currency and, when it is not, to determining the exchange rate to use and the disclosures to provide.

- (3) Standards or interpretations issued, revised or amended, by International Accounting Standards Board (“IASB”) which are endorsed by FSC, but not yet adopted by the Group as at the end of the reporting period are listed below.

Items	New, Revised or Amended Standards and Interpretations	Effective Date issued by IASB
1	IFRS 10 “Consolidated Financial Statements” and IAS 28 “Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures” — Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Ventures	To be determined by IASB
2	IFRS 17 “Insurance Contracts”	1 January 2023
3	IFRS 18 'Presentation and Disclosure of Financial Statements'	1 January 2027
4	Disclosure Initiative—Subsidiaries Not Publicly Accountable: Disclosure (International Finance Reporting Guidelines No. 19)	1 January 2027
5	Amendments to the Classification and Measurement of Financial Instruments (Amendments to IFRS 9 and IFRS 7)	1 January 2026
6	Annual Improvements to IFRS – Volume 11	1 January 2026

- A. IFRS 10 “Consolidated Financial Statements” and IAS 28 “Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures” — Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Ventures

The amendments address the inconsistency between the requirements in IFRS 10 Consolidated Financial Statements and IAS 28 Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures, in dealing with the loss of control of a subsidiary that is contributed to an associate or a joint venture. IAS 28 restricts gains and losses arising from contributions of non-monetary assets to an associate or a joint venture to the extent of the interest attributable to the other equity holders in the associate or joint ventures. IFRS 10 requires full profit or loss recognition on the loss of control of the subsidiary. IAS 28 was amended so that the gain or loss resulting from the sale or contribution of assets that constitute a business as defined in IFRS 3 between an investor and its associate or joint venture is recognized in full.

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IFRS 10 was also amended so that the gains or loss resulting from the sale or contribution of a subsidiary that does not constitute a business as defined in IFRS 3 between an investor and its associate or joint venture is recognized only to the extent of the unrelated investors' interests in the associate or joint venture.

B. IFRS 17 "Insurance Contracts"

IFRS 17 provides a comprehensive model for insurance contracts, covering all relevant accounting aspects (including recognition, measurement, presentation and disclosure requirements). The core of IFRS 17 is the General (building block) Model, under this model, on initial recognition, an entity shall measure a group of insurance contracts at the total of the fulfilment cash flows and the contractual service margin. The carrying amount of a group of insurance contracts at the end of each reporting period shall be the sum of the liability for remaining coverage and the liability for incurred claims.

Other than the General Model, the standard also provides a specific adaptation for contracts with direct participation features (the Variable Fee Approach) and a simplified approach (Premium Allocation Approach) mainly for short-duration contracts.

IFRS 17 was issued in May 2017 and it was amended in 2020 and 2021. The amendments include deferral of the date of initial application of IFRS 17 by two years to annual beginning on or after January 1, 2023 (from the original effective date of January 1, 2021); provide additional transition reliefs; simplify some requirements to reduce the costs of applying IFRS 17 and revise some requirements to make the results easier to explain. IFRS 17 replaces an interim Standard – IFRS 4 Insurance Contracts.

C. IFRS 18 'Presentation and Disclosure of Financial Statements'

This standard will replace IAS 1 "Presentation of Financial Statements". The main changes are as follows::

(a) Enhancing comparability of the income statement

In the income statement, revenues and expenses are classified into five categories: operating, investing, financing, income tax, or discontinued operations. Among them, the first three are new classifications aimed at improving the structure of the income statement, and all companies are required to provide new defined subtotals (including

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operating profit). By enhancing the structure of the income statement and introducing defined subtotals, investors can have a consistent starting point when analyzing financial performance among companies and can more easily compare companies.

(b) Enhancing transparency in measuring management performance

Companies are required to disclose explanations related to enterprise-specific indicators (referred to as management performance measures) that are relevant to the income statement.

(c) Useful aggregation of financial statement information

Guidance on determining the location of financial information is established in either the primary financial statements or notes, aiming to provide more detailed and useful information. Companies are required to provide more transparent information on operating expenses to assist investors in finding and understanding the information they use.

D. Disclosure Initiative—Subsidiaries Not Publicly Accountable: Disclosure (International Finance Reporting Guidelines No. 19)

Simplify the disclosure of subsidiaries that are not publicly accountable and allow subsidiaries that meet the definition to make their own choices this guideline applies.

E. Amendments to the Classification and Measurement of Financial Instruments (Amendments to IFRS 9 and IFRS 7)

The amendments include:

- (a) Clarifying that financial liabilities are derecognized on the settlement date and explaining the accounting treatment for financial liabilities settled using electronic payments before the settlement date.**
- (b) Clarifying how to assess the cash flow characteristics of financial assets with environmental, social, and governance (ESG) related features or other similar contingent features.**
- (c) Clarifying the treatment of non-recourse assets and contract-linked instruments.**
- (d) Requiring additional disclosures under IFRS 7 for financial assets or liabilities**

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related to terms and contingent features (including those linked to ESG) and for equity instruments classified as measured at fair value through other comprehensive income.

F. Annual Improvements to IFRS – Volume 11

(a) Amendment to IFRS 1

The main purpose is to revise the explanation of hedge accounting for first-time adopters to align with IFRS 9.

(b) Amendment to IFRS 7

This amendment updates outdated cross-references related to gains or losses on derecognition.

(c) Amendment to the Implementation Guidance of IFRS 7

This amendment improves some of the wording in the implementation guidance, including the preface, disclosures on deferred fair value and transaction price differences, and credit risk disclosures.

(d) Amendment to IFRS 9

This amendment adds cross-references to address concerns regarding the derecognition of lease liabilities for lessees and clarifies transaction prices.

(e) Amendment to IFRS 10

This amendment eliminates inconsistencies between paragraphs B74 and B73 of the standard.

(f) Amendment to IAS 7

This amendment removes the reference to the cost method mentioned in paragraph 37 of the standard.

The above-mentioned International Financial Reporting Standards issued by the International Accounting Standards Board but not yet recognized by the Financial Supervisory Commission will be applicable as determined by the Financial Supervisory Commission. Except for the potential impact being currently evaluated (3), which cannot be reasonably estimated at this time, there are no other significant impacts of the aforementioned standards on the Group.

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4. Summary of significant accounting policies

(1) Statement of compliance

The consolidated financial statements of this Group for the nine month periods ended September 30, 2024 and 2023 were prepared in accordance with the International Accounting Standard No. 34 "Interim Financial Reporting," which was adopted and effective as recognized by the Financial Supervisory Commission under the Securities Issuance Company Financial Reporting Standards.

(2) Basis of preparation

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis, except for financial instruments that have been measured at fair value. The consolidated financial statements are expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars ("NT\$") unless otherwise stated.

(3) Basis of consolidation

Preparation principle of consolidated financial statement

Control is achieved when the Company is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the investee. Specifically, the Company controls an investee if and only if the Company has:

- (a) power over the investee (i.e. existing rights that give it the current ability to direct the relevant activities of the investee)
- (b) exposure, or rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee, and
- (c) the ability to use its power over the investee to affect its returns

When the Company has less than a majority of the voting or similar rights of an investee, the Company considers all relevant facts and circumstances in assessing whether it has power over an investee, including:

- (a) the contractual arrangement with the other vote holders of the investee
- (b) rights arising from other contractual arrangements
- (c) the Company's voting rights and potential voting rights

The Company re-assesses whether or not it controls an investee if facts and circumstances indicate that there are changes to one or more of the three elements of control.

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Subsidiaries are fully consolidated from the acquisition date, being the date on which the Company obtains control, and continue to be consolidated until the date that such control ceases. The financial statements of the subsidiaries are prepared for the same reporting period as the parent company, using uniform accounting policies. All intra-group balances, income and expenses, unrealized gains and losses and dividends resulting from intra-group transactions are eliminated in full.

A change in the ownership interest of a subsidiary, without a change of control, is accounted for as an equity transaction.

Total comprehensive income of the subsidiaries is attributed to the owners of the parent and to the non-controlling interests even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.

If the Company loses control of a subsidiary, it:

- (a) derecognizes the assets (including goodwill) and liabilities of the subsidiary;
- (b) derecognizes the carrying amount of any non-controlling interest;
- (c) recognizes the fair value of the consideration received;
- (d) recognizes the fair value of any investment retained;
- (e) reclassifies the parent's share of components previously recognized in other comprehensive income to profit or loss, or transfers directly to retained earnings if required by other IFRSs; and
- (f) recognizes any resulting differences in profit or loss

The consolidated entities are listed as follows:

Investor	Subsidiary	Main businesses	As of		
			September 30, 2024	December 31, 2023	September 30, 2023
The Company	Moneywin International Limited	Investing	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%
The Company	Safety Investment Corp.	Investing	100.00%	99.95%	99.95%
The Company and Safety Investment Corp.	Hong-Hong Engineer Co. Ltd.	Cable installation project	96.00%	96.00%	96.00%

The subsidiaries included in the consolidated financial statements mentioned above are non-

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material subsidiaries that have not been reviewed by an accountant. As of September 30, 2024 and 2023, the total assets of these subsidiaries were NT\$317,433 thousand and NT\$305,717 thousand, respectively, and the total liabilities were NT\$11,191 thousand and NT\$10,678 thousand, respectively. The total comprehensive income for these subsidiaries for the three month periods ended September 30, 2024 and 2023, and for the nine month periods ended September 30, 2024 and 2023, amounted to profits of NT\$8,381 thousand, NT\$4,519 thousand, NT\$43,188 thousand, and NT\$64,363 thousand, respectively.

(4) Foreign currency transactions

The Group's consolidated financial statements are presented in NT\$, which is also the Company's functional currency. Each entity in the Group determines its own functional currency and items included in the financial statements of each entity are measured using that functional currency.

Transactions in foreign currencies are initially recorded by the Group entities at their respective functional currency rates prevailing at the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the functional currency closing rate of exchange ruling at the reporting date. Non-monetary items measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value is determined. Non-monetary items that are measured at historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates as at the dates of the initial transactions.

All exchange differences arising on the settlement of monetary items or on translating monetary items are taken to profit or loss in the period in which they arise except for the following:

- (a) Exchange differences arising from foreign currency borrowings for an acquisition of a qualifying asset to the extent that they are regarded as an adjustment to interest costs are included in the borrowing costs that are eligible for capitalization.
- (b) Foreign currency items within the scope of IFRS 9 *Financial Instruments* are accounted for based on the accounting policy for financial instruments.
- (c) Exchange differences arising on a monetary item that forms part of a reporting entity's net investment in a foreign operation is recognized initially in other comprehensive income and reclassified from equity to profit or loss on disposal of the net investment.

When a gain or loss on a non-monetary item is recognized in other comprehensive income, any exchange component of that gain or loss is recognized in other comprehensive income. When a gain or loss on a non-monetary item is recognized in profit or loss, any exchange component of that gain or loss is recognized in profit or loss.

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(5) Translation of financial statements in foreign currency

The assets and liabilities of foreign operations are translated into NT\$ at the closing rate of exchange prevailing at the reporting date and their income and expenses are translated at an average rate for the period. The exchange differences arising on the translation are recognized in other comprehensive income. On the disposal of a foreign operation, the cumulative amount of the exchange differences relating to that foreign operation, recognized in other comprehensive income and accumulated in the separate component of equity, is reclassified from equity to profit or loss when the gain or loss on disposal is recognized. The following are accounted for as disposal even if an interest in the foreign operation is retained by the Group : the loss of control over a foreign operation, the loss of significant influence over a foreign operation, or loss of joint control over a foreign operation.

On the partial disposal of a subsidiary that includes a foreign operation that does not result in a loss of control, the proportionate share of the cumulative amount of the exchange differences recognized in other comprehensive income is re-attributed to the non-controlling interests in that foreign operation. In partial disposal of an associate or joint arrangement that includes a foreign operation that does not result in a loss of significant influence or joint control, only the proportionate share of the cumulative amount of the exchange differences recognized in other comprehensive income is reclassified to profit or loss.

Any goodwill and any fair value adjustments to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities arising on the acquisition of a foreign operation are treated as assets and liabilities of the foreign operation and expressed in its functional currency.

(6) Current and non-current distinction

An asset is classified as current when:

- (a) The Group expects to realize the asset, or intends to sell or consume it, in its normal operating cycle
- (b) The Group holds the asset primarily for the purpose of trading
- (c) The Group expects to realize the asset within twelve months after the reporting period
- (d) The asset is cash or cash equivalent unless the asset is restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

All other assets are classified as non-current.

A liability is classified as current when:

- (a) The Group expects to settle the liability in its normal operating cycle
- (b) The Group holds the liability primarily for the purpose of trading

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- (c) The liability is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period
- (d) At the end of the reporting period, there is no right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the reporting period.

All other liabilities are classified as non-current.

(7) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprises cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term, highly liquid that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value as cash equivalents (including time deposits with maturing of less than 12 months).

(8) Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognized when the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and financial liabilities within the scope of IFRS 9 *Financial Instruments* are recognized initially at fair value plus or minus, in the case of investments not at fair value through profit or loss, directly attributable transaction costs.

(a) Financial instruments: Recognition and Measurement

The Group accounts for regular way purchase or sales of financial assets on the trade date.

The Group classified financial assets as subsequently measured at amortized cost, fair value through other comprehensive income or fair value through profit or loss considering both factors below:

- A. the Group's business model for managing the financial assets and
- B. the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial asset.

Financial assets measured at amortized cost

A financial asset is measured at amortized cost if both of the following conditions are met and presented as notes receivables, trade receivables, financial assets measured at amortized cost and other receivables etc., on balance sheet as at the reporting date:

- A. the financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows and

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- B. the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Such financial assets are subsequently measured at amortized cost (the amount at which the financial asset is measured at initial recognition minus the principal repayments, plus or minus the cumulative amortization using the effective interest method of any difference between the initial amount and the maturity amount and adjusted for any loss allowance) and is not part of a hedging relationship. A gain or loss is recognized in profit or loss when the financial asset is derecognized, through the amortization process or in order to recognize the impairment gains or losses.

Interest revenue is calculated by using the effective interest method. This is calculated by applying the effective interest rate to the gross carrying amount of a financial asset except for:

- A. purchased or originated credit-impaired financial assets. For those financial assets, the Group applies the credit-adjusted effective interest rate to the amortized cost of the financial asset from initial recognition.
- B. financial assets that are not purchased or originated credit-impaired financial assets but subsequently have become credit-impaired financial assets. For those financial assets, the Company applies the effective interest rate to the amortized cost of the financial asset in subsequent reporting periods.

Financial asset measured at fair value through other comprehensive income

A financial asset is measured at fair value through other comprehensive income if both of the following conditions are met:

- A. the financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets and
- B. the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Recognition of gain or loss on a financial asset measured at fair value through other comprehensive income are described as below:

- A. Gain or loss on a financial asset measured at fair value through other comprehensive income recognized in other comprehensive income, except for impairment gains or losses and foreign exchange gains and losses, until the financial asset is derecognized or reclassified.

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- B. When the financial asset is derecognized the cumulative gain or loss previously recognized in other comprehensive income is reclassified from equity to profit or loss as a reclassification adjustment.
- C. Interest revenue is calculated by using the effective interest method. This is calculated by applying the effective interest rate to the gross carrying amount of a financial asset except for:
- (i) Purchased or originated credit-impaired financial assets. For those financial assets, the Group applies the credit-adjusted effective interest rate to the amortized cost of the financial asset from initial recognition.
 - (ii) Financial assets that are not purchased or originated credit-impaired financial assets but subsequently have become credit-impaired financial assets. For those financial assets, the Group applies the effective interest rate to the amortized cost of the financial asset in subsequent reporting periods.

Besides, for certain equity investments within the scope of IFRS 9 that is neither held for trading nor contingent consideration recognized by an acquirer in a business combination to which IFRS 3 applies, the Group made an irrevocable election to present the changes of the fair value in other comprehensive income at initial recognition. Amounts presented in other comprehensive income shall not be subsequently transferred to profit or loss (when disposal of such equity instrument, its cumulated amount included in other components of equity is transferred directly to the retained earnings) and these investments should be presented as financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income on the balance sheet. Dividends on such investment are recognized in profit or loss unless the dividends clearly represents a recovery of part of the cost of investment.

Financial asset measured at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets were classified as measured at amortized cost or measured at fair value through other comprehensive income based on aforementioned criteria. All other financial assets were measured at fair value through profit or loss and presented on the balance sheet as financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss.

Such financial assets are measured at fair value, the gains or losses resulting from remeasurement is recognized in profit or loss which includes any dividend or interest received on such financial assets.

(b) Impairment of financial assets

The Group recognizes a loss allowance for expected credit losses on debt instrument investments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income and financial asset measured at amortized cost. The loss allowance on debt instrument investments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income is recognized in other comprehensive income and not reduce the carrying amount in the balance sheet.

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The Group measures expected credit losses of a financial instrument in a way that reflects:

- A. an unbiased and probability-weighted amount that is determined by evaluating a range of possible outcomes;
- B. the time value of money; and
- C. reasonable and supportable information that is available without undue cost or effort at the reporting date about past events, current conditions and forecasts of future economic conditions.

The loss allowance is measures as follow:

- A. At an amount equal to 12-month expected credit losses: the credit risk on a financial asset has not increased significantly since initial recognition or the financial asset is determined to have low credit risk at the reporting date. In addition, the Group measures the loss allowance at an amount equal to lifetime expected credit losses in the previous reporting period, but determines at the current reporting date that the credit risk on a financial asset has increased significantly since initial recognition is no longer met.
- B. At an amount equal to the lifetime expected credit losses: the credit risk on a financial asset has increased significantly since initial recognition or financial asset that is purchased or originated credit-impaired financial asset.
- C. For trade receivables or contract assets arising from transactions within the scope of IFRS 15, the Group measures the loss allowance at an amount equal to lifetime expected credit losses.
- D. For lease receivables arising from transactions within the scope of IFRS 16, the Group measures the loss allowance at an amount equal to lifetime expected credit losses.

At each reporting date, the Group needs to assess whether the credit risk on a financial asset has increased significantly since initial recognition by comparing the risk of a default occurring at the reporting date and the risk of default occurring at initial recognition. Please refer to Note 12 for further details on credit risk.

(c) Derecognition of financial assets

A financial asset is derecognized when:

- A. The rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired
- B. The Group has transferred the asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset have been transferred
- C. The Group has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

On derecognition of a financial asset in its entirety, the difference between the carrying

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amount and the consideration received or receivable including any cumulative gain or loss that had been recognized in other comprehensive income, is recognized in profit or loss.

(d) Financial liabilities and equity

Classification between liabilities or equity

The Group classifies the instrument issued as a financial liability or an equity instrument in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangement and the definitions of a financial liability, and an equity instrument.

Equity instruments

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of an entity after deducting all of its liabilities. The transaction costs of an equity transaction are accounted for as a deduction from equity (net of any related income tax benefit) to the extent they are incremental costs directly attributable to the equity transaction that otherwise would have been avoided.

Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities within the scope of IFRS 9 *Financial Instruments* are classified as financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss or financial liabilities measured at amortized cost upon initial recognition.

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss include financial liabilities held for trading and financial liabilities designated as at fair value through profit or loss.

A financial liability is classified as held for trading if:

- A. it is acquired or incurred principally for the purpose of selling or repurchasing it in the near term;
- B. on initial recognition it is part of a portfolio of identified financial instruments that are managed together and for which there is evidence of a recent actual pattern of short-term profit-taking; or
- C. it is a derivative (except for a derivative that is a financial guarantee contract or a designated and effective hedging instrument).

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If a contract contains one or more embedded derivatives, the entire hybrid (combined) contract may be designated as a financial liability at fair value through profit or loss; or a financial liability may be designated as at fair value through profit or loss when doing so results in more relevant information, because either:

- A. it eliminates or significantly reduces a measurement or recognition inconsistency; or
- B. a group of financial liabilities or financial assets and financial liabilities is managed and its performance is evaluated on a fair value basis, in accordance with a documented risk management or investment strategy, and information about the group is provided internally on that basis to the key management personnel.

Gains or losses on the subsequent measurement of liabilities at fair value through profit or loss including interest paid are recognized in profit or loss.

Financial liabilities at amortized cost

Financial liabilities measured at amortized cost include interest bearing loans and borrowings that are subsequently measured using the effective interest rate method after initial recognition. Gains and losses are recognized in profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognized as well as through the effective interest rate method amortization process.

Amortized cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or transaction costs.

Derecognition of financial liabilities

A financial liability is derecognized when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires.

When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified (whether or not attributable to the financial difficulty of the debtor), such an exchange or modification is treated as a derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability, and the difference in the respective carrying amounts and the consideration paid, including any non-cash assets transferred or liabilities assumed, is recognized in profit or loss.

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(e) Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the balance sheet if, and only if, there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or to realize the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

(9) Derivative instrument

The Group uses derivative instruments to hedge its foreign currency risks and interest rate risks. A derivative is classified in the balance sheet as financial assets or liabilities at fair value through profit or loss except for derivatives that are designated as and effective hedging instruments which are classified as financial assets or liabilities for hedging.

Derivative instruments are initially recognized at fair value on the date on which a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently remeasured at fair value. Derivatives are carried as financial assets when the fair value is positive and as financial liabilities when the fair value is negative. The changes in fair value of derivatives are taken directly to profit or loss, except for the effective portion of hedges, which is recognized in either profit or loss or equity according to types of hedges used.

When the host contracts are either non-financial assets or liabilities, derivatives embedded in host contracts are accounted for as separate derivatives and recorded at fair value if their economic characteristics and risks are not closely related to those of the host contracts and the host contracts are not designated at fair value through profit or loss.

(10) Fair value measurement

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- (a) In the principal market for the asset or liability, or
- (b) In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability

The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible to by the Group.

The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market

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participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants in their economic best interest.

A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

The Group uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximizing the use of relevant observable inputs and minimizing the use of unobservable inputs.

(11) Inventories

Inventories are valued at lower of cost and net realizable value item by item.

Costs incurred in bringing each inventory to its present location and condition are accounted for as follows:

Raw materials – Based on the actual purchase cost, using the weighted average method.

Finished goods and work in progress – Cost of direct materials and labor and a proportion of manufacturing overheads based on normal operating capacity but excluding borrowing costs.

Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

Rendering of services is accounted in accordance with IFRS 15 and not within the scope of inventories.

(12) Investments accounted for using the equity method

The Group's investment in its associate is accounted for using the equity method other than those that meet the criteria to be classified as held for sale. An associate is an entity over which the Group has significant influence. A joint venture is a type of joint arrangement whereby the parties that have joint control of the arrangement have rights to the net assets of the joint venture.

Under the equity method, the investment in the associate or an investment in a joint venture is carried in the balance sheet at cost and adjusted thereafter for the post-acquisition change in the Group's share of net assets of the associate or joint venture. After the interest in the associate or joint venture is reduced to zero, additional losses are provided for, and a liability

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is recognized, only to the extent that the Group has incurred legal or constructive obligations or made payments on behalf of the associate or joint venture. Unrealized gains and losses resulting from transactions between the Group and the associate or joint venture are eliminated to the extent of the Group's related interest in the associate or joint venture.

When changes in the net assets of an associate or a joint venture occur and not those that are recognized in profit or loss or other comprehensive income and do not affect the Group's percentage of ownership interests in the associate or joint venture, the Group recognizes such changes in equity based on its percentage of ownership interests. The resulting capital surplus recognized will be reclassified to profit or loss at the time of disposing the associate or joint venture on a prorata basis.

When the associate or joint venture issues new stock, and the Group's interest in an associate or a joint venture is reduced or increased as the Group fails to acquire shares newly issued in the associate or joint venture proportionately to its original ownership interest, the increase or decrease in the interest in the associate or joint venture is recognized in Additional Paid in Capital and Investment accounted for using the equity method. When the interest in the associate or joint venture is reduced, the cumulative amounts previously recognized in other comprehensive income are reclassified to profit or loss or other appropriate items. The aforementioned capital surplus recognized is reclassified to profit or loss on a pro rata basis when the Group disposes the associate or joint venture.

The financial statements of the associate or joint venture are prepared for the same reporting period as the Group. Where necessary, adjustments are made to bring the accounting policies in line with those of the Group.

The Group determines at each reporting date whether there is any objective evidence that the investment in the associate or an investment in a joint venture is impaired in accordance with IAS 28 *Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures*. If this is the case the Group calculates the amount of impairment as the difference between the recoverable amount of the associate or joint venture and its carrying value and recognizes the amount in the 'share of profit or loss of an associate' in the statement of comprehensive income in accordance with IAS 36 *Impairment of Assets*. In determining the value in use of the investment, the Group estimates:

- (a) Its share of the present value of the estimated future cash flows expected to be generated by the associate or joint venture, including the cash flows from the operations of the associate and the proceeds on the ultimate disposal of the investment; or
- (b) The present value of the estimated future cash flows expected to arise from dividends to be received from the investment and from its ultimate disposal.

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Because goodwill that forms part of the carrying amount of an investment in an associate or an investment in a joint venture is not separately recognized, it is not tested for impairment separately by applying the requirements for impairment testing goodwill in IAS 36 *Impairment of Assets*.

Upon loss of significant influence over the associate or joint venture, the Group measures and recognizes any retaining investment at its fair value. Any difference between the carrying amount of the associate or joint venture upon loss of significant influence and the fair value of the retaining investment and proceeds from disposal is recognized in profit or loss. Furthermore, if an investment in an associate becomes an investment in a joint venture or an investment in a joint venture becomes an investment in an associate, the entity continues to apply the equity method and does not remeasure the retained interest.

(13) Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment is stated at cost, net of accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any. Such cost includes the cost of dismantling and removing the item and restoring the site on which it is located and borrowing costs for construction in progress if the recognition criteria are met. Each part of an item of property, plant and equipment with a cost that is significant in relation to the total cost of the item is depreciated separately. When significant parts of property, plant and equipment are required to be replaced in intervals, the Group recognized such parts as individual assets with specific useful lives and depreciation, respectively. The carrying amount of those parts that are replaced is derecognized in accordance with the derecognition provisions of IAS 16 *Property, plant and equipment*. When a major inspection is performed, its cost is recognized in the carrying amount of the plant and equipment as a replacement if the recognition criteria are satisfied. All other repair and maintenance costs are recognized in profit or loss as incurred.

Depreciation is calculated on a straight-line basis over the estimated economic lives of the following assets:

Buildings	2~55 years
Machinery and equipment	2~15 years
Office equipment	1~8 years
Transportation equipment	1~5 years
Miscellaneous equipment	1~15 years
Right-of-use assets/leased assets	1~11 years

An item of property, plant and equipment and any significant part initially recognized is derecognized upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the asset is recognized in profit or loss.

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The assets' residual values, useful lives and methods of depreciation are reviewed at each financial year end and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate.

(14) Investment property

The's owned Group investment properties are measured initially at cost, including transaction costs. The carrying amount includes the cost of replacing part of an existing investment property at the time that cost is incurred if the recognition criteria are met and excludes the costs of day-to-day servicing of an investment property. Subsequent to initial recognition, other than those that meet the criteria to be classified as held for sale (or are included in a disposal group that is classified as held for sale) in accordance with IFRS 5 *Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations*, investment properties are measured using the cost model in accordance with the requirements of IAS 16 *Property, plant and equipment* for that model. If investment properties are held by a lessee as right-of-use assets and is not held for sale in accordance with IFRS 5, investment properties are measured in accordance with the requirements of IFRS 16.

Depreciation is calculated on a straight-line basis over the estimated economic lives of the following assets:

Buildings	30~50 years
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Investment properties are derecognized when either they have been disposed of or when the investment property is permanently withdrawn from use and no future economic benefit is expected from its disposal. The difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset is recognized in profit or loss in the period of derecognition.

The Group decides to transfer to or from investment properties based on actual usage of the assets.

Properties are transferred to or from investment properties when the properties meet, or cease to meet, the definition of investment property and there is evidence of the change in use.

(15) Leases

The Group assesses whether the contract is, or contains, a lease. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. To assess whether a contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time, the Group assesses whether, throughout the period of use, has both of the following:

- (a) the right to obtain substantially all of the economic benefits from use of the identified asset; and
- (b) the right to direct the use of the identified asset.

For a contract that is, or contains, a lease, the Group accounts for each lease component within the contract as a lease separately from non-lease components of the contract. For a contract

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that contains a lease component and one or more additional lease or non-lease components, the Group allocates the consideration in the contract to each lease component on the basis of the relative stand-alone price of the lease component and the aggregate stand-alone price of the non-lease components. The relative stand-alone price of lease and non-lease components shall be determined on the basis of the price the lessor, or a similar supplier, would charge the Group for that component, or a similar component, separately. If an observable stand-alone price is not readily available, the Group estimates the stand-alone price, maximising the use of observable information.

Group as a lessee

Except for leases that meet and elect short-term leases or leases of low-value assets, the Group recognizes right-of-use asset and lease liability for all leases which the Group is the lessee of those lease contracts.

At the commencement date, the Group measures the lease liability at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at that date. The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease, if that rate can be readily determined. If that rate cannot be readily determined, the Group uses its incremental borrowing rate. At the commencement date, the lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability comprise the following payments for the right to use the underlying asset during the lease term that are not paid at the commencement date:

- (a) fixed payments (including in-substance fixed payments), less any lease incentives receivable;
- (b) variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, initially measured using the index or rate as at the commencement date;
- (c) amounts expected to be payable by the lessee under residual value guarantees;
- (d) the exercise price of a purchase option if the Group is reasonably certain to exercise that option; and
- (e) payments of penalties for terminating the lease, if the lease term reflects the lessee exercising an option to terminate the lease.

After the commencement date, the Group measures the lease liability on an amortised cost basis, which increases the carrying amount to reflect interest on the lease liability by using an effective interest method; and reduces the carrying amount to reflect the lease payments made.

At the commencement date, the Group measures the right-of-use asset at cost. The cost of the right-of-use asset comprises:

- (a) the amount of the initial measurement of the lease liability;
- (b) any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, less any lease incentives received;
- (c) any initial direct costs incurred by the lessee; and

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- (d) an estimate of costs to be incurred by the lessee in dismantling and removing the underlying asset, restoring the site on which it is located or restoring the underlying asset to the condition required by the terms and conditions of the lease.

For subsequent measurement of the right-of-use asset, the Group measures the right-of-use asset at cost less any accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. That is, the Group measures the right-of-use applying a cost model.

If the lease transfers ownership of the underlying asset to the Group by the end of the lease term or if the cost of the right-of-use asset reflects that the Group will exercise a purchase option, the Group depreciates the right-of-use asset from the commencement date to the end of the useful life of the underlying asset. Otherwise, the Group depreciates the right-of-use asset from the commencement date to the earlier of the end of the useful life of the right-of-use asset or the end of the lease term.

The Group applies IAS 36 “Impairment of Assets” to determine whether the right-of-use asset is impaired and to account for any impairment loss identified.

Except for those leases that the Group accounted for as short-term leases or leases of low-value assets, the Group presents right-of-use assets and lease liabilities in the balance sheet and separately presents lease-related interest expense and depreciation charge in the statements comprehensive income.

For short-term leases or leases of low-value assets, the Group elects to recognize the lease payments associated with those leases as an expense on either a straight-line basis over the lease term or another systematic basis.

Group as a lessor

At inception of a contract, the Group classifies each of its leases as either an operating lease or a finance lease. A lease is classified as a finance lease if it transfers substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an underlying asset. A lease is classified as an operating lease if it does not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an underlying asset. At the commencement date, the Group recognizes assets held under a finance lease in its balance sheet and present them as a receivable at an amount equal to the net investment in the lease.

For a contract that contains lease components and non-lease components, the Group allocates the consideration in the contract applying IFRS 15.

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The Group recognizes lease payments from operating leases as rental income on either a straight-line basis or another systematic basis. Variable lease payments for operating leases that do not depend on an index or a rate are recognized as rental income when incurred.

(16) Intangible assets

Intangible assets acquired separately are measured on initial recognition at cost. The cost of intangible assets acquired in a business combination is its fair value as at the date of acquisition. Following initial recognition, intangible assets are carried at cost less any accumulated amortization and accumulated impairment losses, if any. Internally generated intangible assets, excluding capitalized development costs, are not capitalized and expenditure is reflected in profit or loss for the year in which the expenditure is incurred.

The useful lives of intangible assets are assessed as either finite or indefinite.

Intangible assets with finite lives are amortized over the useful economic life and assessed for impairment whenever there is an indication that the intangible asset may be impaired. The amortization period and the amortization method for an intangible asset with a finite useful life is reviewed at least at the end of each financial year. Changes in the expected useful life or the expected pattern of consumption of future economic benefits embodied in the asset is accounted for by changing the amortization period or method, as appropriate, and are treated as changes in accounting estimates.

Intangible assets with indefinite useful lives are not amortized, but are tested for impairment annually, either individually or at the cash-generating unit level. The assessment of indefinite life is reviewed annually to determine whether the indefinite life continues to be supportable. If not, the change in useful life from indefinite to finite is made on a prospective basis.

Gains or losses arising from derecognition of an intangible asset are measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and are recognized in profit or loss when the asset is derecognized.

Computer software

The cost of computer software is amortized on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful life (1 to 3 years).

A summary of the policies applied to the Group's intangible assets is as follows:

	<u>Computer software</u>
Useful lives	Finite
Amortization method used	Amortized on a straight- line basis over the estimated useful life
Internally generated or acquired	Acquired

(17) Impairment of non-financial assets

The Group assesses at the end of each reporting period whether there is any indication that an asset in the scope of IAS 36 *Impairment of Assets* may be impaired. If any such indication exists, or when annual impairment testing for an asset is required, the Group estimates the asset's recoverable amount. An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's or cash-generating unit's ("CGU") fair value less costs to sell and its value in use and is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or groups of assets. Where the carrying amount of an asset or CGU exceeds its recoverable amount, the asset is considered impaired and is written down to its recoverable amount.

For assets excluding goodwill, an assessment is made at each reporting date as to whether there is any indication that previously recognized impairment losses may no longer exist or may have decreased. If such indication exists, the Group estimates the asset's or cash-generating unit's recoverable amount. A previously recognized impairment loss is reversed only if there has been an increase in the estimated service potential of an asset which in turn increases the recoverable amount. However, the reversal is limited so that the carrying amount of the asset does not exceed its recoverable amount, nor exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation, had no impairment loss been recognized for the asset in prior years.

An impairment loss of continuing operations or a reversal of such impairment loss is recognized in profit or loss.

(18) Provisions

Provisions are recognized when the Group has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probably that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. Where the Group expects some or all of a provision to be reimbursed, the reimbursement is recognized as a separate asset but only when the reimbursement is virtually certain. If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are discounted using a current pre-tax rate that reflects the risks specific to the liability. Where discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognized as a finance cost.

Provision for warranties

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A provision is recognized for expected warranty claims on products sold, based on past experience, management's judgement and other known factors.

(19) Revenue recognition

The Group's revenue arising from contracts with customers are primarily related to sale of goods and rendering of services. The accounting policies are explained as follow:

Sale of goods

The Group manufactures and sells goods. Sales are recognized when control of the goods is transferred to the customer (meaning that the customer has control over the use of the product and claims almost all of the remaining benefit) and the goods are delivered to the customers. The main products of the Group are wires and cables and revenue is recognized based on the consideration stated in the contract minus the estimated quantity discount amount. For certain sales of goods transactions, they are usually accompanied by volume discounts (based on the accumulated total sales amount for a specified period). Therefore, revenue from these sales is recognized based on the price specified in the contract, net of the estimated volume discounts to the Group estimates the discounts using the expected value method based on historical experiences. Revenue is only recognized to the extent that it is highly probable that a significant reversal in the amount of cumulative revenue recognized will not occur and when the uncertainty associated with the variable consideration is subsequently resolved. During the period specified in the contract, refund liability is recognized for the expected volume discounts.

The Group provides its customer with a warranty with the purchase of the products. The warranty provides assurance that the product will operate as expected by the customers. And the warranty is accounted in accordance with IAS 37.

The credit period of the Company's sale of goods is from 60 to 120 days. For most of the contracts, when the Group transfers the goods to customers and has a right to an amount of consideration that is unconditional, these contracts are recognized as trade receivables. The Group usually collects the payments shortly after transfer of goods to customers; therefore, there is no significant financing component to the contract. For some of the contracts, the Group has transferred the goods to customers but does not has a right to an amount of consideration that is unconditional, these contacts should be presented as contract assets. Besides, in accordance with IFRS 9, the Group measures the loss allowance for a contract asset at an amount equal to the lifetime expected credit losses.

Rendering of services

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The Group provides installation services of wires and cables. Such services are separately priced or negotiated, and provided based on contract period. As the Group provides the installation services over the contract period, the customers simultaneously receive and consume the benefits provided by the Group. The performance obligation is fulfilled at a certain point so the revenue should be recognized when the performance obligation is fulfilled.

Most of the contractual considerations of the Group are collected evenly throughout the contract period. When the Group has performed the services to customers but does not have a right to an amount of consideration that is unconditional, these contracts should be presented as contract assets. However, for some rendering of services contracts, part of the consideration was received from customers upon signing the contract, and the Group has the obligation to provide the services subsequently; accordingly, these amounts are recognized as contract liabilities.

The period between the transfers of contract liabilities to revenue is usually within one year, thus, no significant financing component is arising.

(20) Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of an asset that necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale are capitalized as part of the cost of the respective assets. All other borrowing costs are expensed in the period they occur. Borrowing costs consist of interest and other costs that an entity incurs in connection with the borrowing of funds.

(21) Post-employment benefits

All regular employees of the Company and its domestic subsidiaries are entitled to a pension plan that is managed by an independently administered pension fund committee. Fund assets are deposited under the committee's name in the specific bank account and hence, not associated with the Company and its domestic subsidiaries. Therefore fund assets are not included in the Group's consolidated financial statements. Pension benefits for employees of the overseas subsidiaries and the branches are provided in accordance with the respective local regulations.

For the defined contribution plan, the Company and its domestic subsidiaries will make a monthly contribution of no less than 6% of the monthly wages of the employees subject to the plan. The Company recognizes expenses for the defined contribution plan in the period in which the contribution becomes due. Overseas subsidiaries and branches make contribution

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to the plan based on the requirements of local regulations.

Post-employment benefit plan that is classified as a defined benefit plan uses the Projected Unit Credit Method to measure its obligations and costs based on actuarial assumptions. Re-measurements, comprising of the effect of the actuarial gains and losses, the effect of the asset ceiling (excluding net interest) and the return on plan assets, excluding net interest, are recognized as other comprehensive income with a corresponding debit or credit to retained earnings in the period in which they occur. Past service costs are recognized in profit or loss on the earlier of:

- (a) the date of the plan amendment or curtailment, and
- (b) the date that the Group recognizes restructuring-related costs

Net interest is calculated by applying the discount rate to the net defined benefit liability or asset, both as determined at the start of the annual reporting period, taking account of any changes in the net defined benefit liability (asset) during the period as a result of contribution and benefit payment.

The retirement benefit cost for the interim period is calculated based on the retirement benefit cost rate determined at the end of the previous fiscal year, using the period from the beginning of the year to the end of the current period as the basis. Adjustments are made for significant market fluctuations occurring after the end date, as well as significant reductions, settlements, or other major one-time events, and are disclosed accordingly.

(22) Income taxes

Income tax expense (income) is the aggregate amount included in the determination of profit or loss for the period in respect of current tax and deferred tax.

Current income tax

Current income tax assets and liabilities for the current and prior periods are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities, using the tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. Current income tax relating to items recognized in other comprehensive income or directly in equity is recognized in other comprehensive income or equity and not in profit or loss.

The income tax for undistributed earnings is recognized as income tax expense in the

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subsequent year when the distribution proposal is approved by the Shareholders' meeting.

The Group calculates the income basic tax according to the Income Basic Tax Act and compares it with the income tax payable calculated under the Income Tax Act, selecting the higher amount as the provision for current income tax.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is provided on temporary differences at the reporting date between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognized for all taxable temporary differences, except:

- (a) Where the deferred tax liability arises from the initial recognition of goodwill or of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss.
- (b) In respect of taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries, associates and interests in joint arrangements, where the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences can be controlled and it is probable that the temporary differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Deferred tax assets are recognized for all deductible temporary differences, carry forward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses, to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, and the carry forward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses can be utilized, except:

- (a) Where the deferred tax asset relating to the deductible temporary difference arises from the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss; and at the time of the transaction, does not give rise to equal taxable and deductible temporary differences.
- (b) In respect of deductible temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries, associates and interests in joint arrangements, deferred tax assets are recognized only to the extent that it is probable that the temporary differences will reverse in the foreseeable future and taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilized.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the year when the asset is realized or the liability is settled, based on tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date. The measurement of deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Group expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

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Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset, if a legally enforceable right exists to set off current income tax assets against current income tax liabilities and the deferred taxes relate to the same taxable entity and the same taxation authority.

According to the temporary exception in the International Tax Reform-Pillar Two Model Rules (Amendments to IAS 12), information about deferred tax assets and liabilities related to Pillar Two income tax will neither be recognized nor be disclosed.

The income tax expense for the interim period is accrued and disclosed based on the applicable tax rate expected for the total earnings of the fiscal year, i.e., the estimated annual average effective tax rate is applied to the interim period's pre-tax income. The estimate of the annual average effective tax rate includes only the current period's income tax expense, while deferred income taxes are recognized and measured in accordance with International Accounting Standard No. 12 "Income Taxes" consistently with the annual financial reporting. When there is a change in tax rates during the interim period, the impact of the tax rate change on deferred income taxes is recognized once in profit or loss, other comprehensive income, or directly in equity.

5. Significant accounting judgements, estimates and assumptions

The preparation of the Group's consolidated financial statements require management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities, and the disclosure of contingent liabilities, at the end of the reporting period. However, uncertainty about these assumption and estimate could result in outcomes that require a material adjustment to the carrying amount of the asset or liability affected in future periods.

(1) Judgement

In the process of applying the Group's accounting policies, management has made the following judgements, which have the most significant effect on the amounts recognized in the consolidated financial statements:

(a) Investment properties

Certain properties of the Group comprise a portion that is held to earn rentals or for capital appreciation and another portion that is owner-occupied. If these portions could be sold separately, the Group accounts for the portions separately as investment properties and property, plant and equipment. If the portions could not be sold separately, the property is classified as investment property in its entirety only if the portion that is owner-occupied is under 5% of the total property.

(b) Operating lease commitment—Group as the lessor

The Group has entered into commercial property leases on its investment property portfolio. The Group has determined, based on an evaluation of the terms and conditions of the arrangements, that it retains all the significant risks and rewards of ownership of these properties and accounts for the contracts as operating leases.

(2) Estimates and assumptions

The key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the reporting date, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are discussed below.

(a) Fair value of financial instruments

Where the fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities recorded in the balance sheet cannot be derived from active markets, they are determined using valuation techniques including the income approach (for example the discounted cash flows model) or market approach. Changes in assumptions about these factors could affect the reported fair value of the financial instruments. Please refer to Note 12 for more details.

(b) Impairment of non-financial assets

An impairment exists when the carrying value of an asset or cash generating unit exceeds its recoverable amount, which is the higher of its fair value less costs to sell and its value in use. The fair value less costs to sell calculation is based on the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date less incremental costs that would be directly attributable to the disposal of the asset or cash generating unit. Changes in market prices or future cash flows will affect the recoverable amount of these assets, which may cause the Group to additionally recognize impairment losses or reverse recognized impairment losses.

(c) Accounts receivables—estimation of impairment loss

The Group estimates the impairment loss of accounts receivables at an amount equal to lifetime expected credit losses. The credit loss is the present value of the difference between the contractual cash flows that are due under the contract (carrying amount) and the cash flows that expects to receive (evaluate forward looking information). However, as the impact from the discounting of short-term receivables is not material, the credit loss is measured by the undiscounted cash flows. Where the actual future cash flows are lower than expected, a material impairment loss may arise. Please refer to Note 6 for more

details.

(d) Pension benefits

The cost of post-employment benefit and the present value of the pension obligation under defined benefit pension plans are determined using actuarial valuations. An actuarial valuation involves making various assumptions. These include the determination of the discount rate and changes of the future salary etc.

(e) Inventories evaluation

As inventory must be measured at the lower of cost and net realizable value, the Group must use judgment and estimation to determine the net realizable value of inventory at the reporting date. Due to the influence of international copper prices and frequent fluctuations in raw material prices, the Group assesses the amount of inventory due to normal wear and tear, obsolescence or no market value at the end of the financial reporting period, and offsets the inventory cost to the net realizable value. This inventory evaluation is mainly based on the estimated product demand in a specific period in the future, so major changes may occur.

(f) Provision for warranties

A provision is recognized for expected warranty claims on products sold, based on past experience, management's judgement and other known factors.

(g) Income tax

Uncertainties exist with respect to the interpretation of complex tax regulations and the amount and timing of future taxable income. Given the wide range of international business relationships and the long-term nature and complexity of existing contractual agreements, differences arising between the actual results and the assumptions made, or future changes to such assumptions, could necessitate future adjustments to tax income and expense already recorded. The Group establishes provisions, based on reasonable estimates, for possible consequences of audits by the tax authorities of the respective countries in which it operates. The amount of such provisions is based on various factors, such as experience of previous tax audits and differing interpretations of tax regulations by the taxable entity and the responsible tax authority. Such differences of interpretation may arise on a wide variety of issues depending on the conditions prevailing in the respective Company company's domicile.

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Deferred tax assets are recognized for all carryforward of unused tax losses and unused tax credits and deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available or there are sufficient taxable temporary differences against which the unused tax losses, unused tax credits or deductible temporary differences can be utilized. The amount of deferred tax assets determined to be recognized is based upon the likely timing and the level of future taxable profits and taxable temporary differences together with future tax planning strategies.

6. Contents of significant accounts

(1) Cash and cash equivalents

	As of		
	Sep. 30 2024	Dec. 31 2023	Sep. 30 2023
Cash	\$69	\$75	\$90
Petty cash	711	711	811
Demand deposits	429,841	823,110	652,920
Checking deposits	145,522	172,676	133,895
Time deposits	106,842	34,544	36,164
Cash equivalents	267,820	897,963	897,277
Total	<u>\$950,805</u>	<u>\$1,929,079</u>	<u>\$1,721,157</u>

The Group's cash and cash equivalents were not pledged.

The Group's cash equivalents consist of short-term notes.

(2) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

	As of		
	Sep. 30 2024	Dec. 31 2023	Sep. 30 2023
Mandatorily measured at fair value through profit or loss:			
Derivatives not designated as hedging instruments			
Stocks	\$304,159	\$263,783	\$250,238
Corporate bonds	23,888	25,531	-
Government bonds	12,728	6,122	-
Total	<u>\$340,775</u>	<u>\$295,436</u>	<u>\$250,238</u>
Current	<u>\$340,775</u>	<u>\$295,436</u>	<u>\$250,238</u>

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The Group's financial assets at fair value through profit or loss were not pledged.

(3) Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income

	As of		
	Sep. 30 2024	Dec. 31 2023	Sep. 30 2023
Equity investments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income:			
Listed companies stocks	\$1,154,079	\$876,095	\$699,172
Unlisted companies stocks	833,482	704,153	689,181
Total	<u>1,987,561</u>	<u>\$1,580,248</u>	<u>\$1,388,353</u>
Current	\$24,488	\$22,832	\$19,748
Non-current	<u>1,963,073</u>	<u>1,557,416</u>	<u>1,368,605</u>
Total	<u>\$1,987,561</u>	<u>\$1,580,248</u>	<u>\$1,388,353</u>

A. The Group's financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income were not pledged.

B. The Group's dividend income related to equity instrument investments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income for the nine-month periods ended September 30 2024 and 2023 are as follow:

	For the three-month periods ended		For the nine-month periods ended	
	September 30, 2024	September 30, 2023	September 30, 2024	September 30, 2023
Related to investments held at the end of the reporting period	\$24,696	\$2,578	\$62,018	\$34,260
Related to investments derecognized during the period	<u>143</u>	<u>439</u>	<u>143</u>	<u>439</u>
Dividends recognized during the period	<u>\$24,839</u>	<u>\$3,017</u>	<u>\$62,161</u>	<u>\$34,699</u>

C. In consideration of the Group's investment strategy, the Group disposed and derecognized partial equity instrument investments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income. Details on derecognition of such investments for the nine-month periods ended September 30 2024 and 2023 are as follow:

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	For the nine-month periods ended	
	Sep. 30 2024	Sep. 30 2023
The fair value of the investments at the date of derecognition	\$126,801	\$217,728
The cumulative gain or loss on disposal reclassified from other equity to retained earnings	13,416	49,452

(4) Financial Assets at Amortized Cost

	As of		
	Sep. 30 2024	Dec. 31 2023	Sep. 30 2023
Time deposits , Current	\$678	\$-	\$-
Time deposits , Non-Current	33,500	-	-
Total	\$34,178	\$-	\$-

The Group classifies some financial assets as financial assets measured at amortized cost. These assets have low credit risk, and therefore, the expected credit losses over their lifetime are not significant. For details on guarantees, please refer to Note 8, and for information related to credit risk, please refer to Note 12.

(5) Notes receivable

	As of		
	Sep. 30 2024	Dec. 31 2023	Sep. 30 2023
Notes receivables arising from operating activities	\$73,936	\$40,780	\$42,111
Notes receivables arising from non-operating activities	-	-	-
Subtotal (total carrying amount)	\$73,936	40,780	42,111
Less: loss allowance	-	-	-
Total	\$73,936	\$40,780	\$42,111

A. The Group's notes receivable were not pledged.

B. The Group follows the requirement of IFRS 9 to assess the impairment. Please refer to Note 6.16 for more details on loss allowance and Note 12 for details on credit risk.

(6) Accounts receivable and accounts receivable - related parties

	As of		
	Sep. 30 2024	Dec. 31 2023	Sep. 30 2023
Accounts receivable	\$994,890	\$1,067,264	\$887,634

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Less: loss allowance	(3,510)	(4,661)	(5,421)
Total	<u>\$991,380</u>	<u>\$1,062,603</u>	<u>\$882,213</u>

- A. The Group's accounts receivable were not pledged.
- B. Accounts receivables are generally on 60-120 day terms. The total carrying amount as of September 30 2024, December 31 2023 and September 30 2023 were NT\$994,890 thousand, NT\$1,067,264 thousand and NT\$887,634 thousand, respectively. Please refer to Note 6.16 for more details on loss allowance of accounts receivable for the nine-month periods ended September 30 2024 and 2023. Please refer to Note 12 for more details on credit risk management.

(7)Inventories

	As of		
	<u>Sep. 30 2024</u>	<u>Dec. 31 2023</u>	<u>Sep. 30 2023</u>
Merchandise	\$106,946	\$112,083	\$108,380
Finished goods	1,444,890	1,089,555	1,113,681
Work in progress	455,176	348,087	345,872
Raw materials	243,813	111,964	193,115
Supplies & parts	37,260	44,283	36,618
Inventories in transit	13,441	11,453	51,963
Material used in Construction	12,725	16,467	8,714
Total	<u>\$2,314,251</u>	<u>\$1,733,892</u>	<u>\$1,858,343</u>

- A. The following table lists the cost of inventories recognized in expenses of the Group:

	For the three-month periods ended		For the nine-month periods ended	
	<u>September 30 2024</u>	<u>September 30 2023</u>	<u>September 30 2024</u>	<u>September 30 2023</u>
Cost of goods sold	\$1,327,645	\$1,464,842	\$4,046,128	\$3,836,294
(Reversal) loss from the inventory written down to its respective net realizable value	5,881	(15,160)	(5,002)	(5,576)
Total operating cost	<u>\$1,333,526</u>	<u>\$1,449,682</u>	<u>\$4,041,126</u>	<u>\$3,830,718</u>

The Group recognized a gain from price recovery of inventory in the amount of NT\$5,002 thousand due to inventory destocking for the nine-month periods ended September 30

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2024.

B. The Group's inventories were not pledged.

(8) Investments accounted for using the equity method

The following table lists the investments accounted for using the equity method of the Group:

Investees	As of					
	Sep. 30 2024		Dec. 31 2023		Sep. 30 2023	
	Carrying amount	Percentage of ownership (%)	Carrying amount	Percentage of ownership (%)	Carrying amount	Percentage of ownership (%)
<u>Investments in associates</u>						
South Ocean Holdings Ltd.	\$360,230	30.74	\$302,246	30.74	\$295,399	30.74
Accumulated impairment	(169,797)		(169,230)		(170,171)	
Total	<u>\$190,433</u>		<u>\$133,016</u>		<u>\$125,228</u>	

(a) Information on the material associate of the Group:

Company name: South Ocean Holdings Ltd.

Judgment with only significant influence: Although the group holds 30.74% of the voting rights of the company, since the other two investors hold 30.56% and 20.19% of the voting rights of the company, only the cooperation of these two investors is required. Prevent the Group from leading the company's vital activities. Therefore, the Group has no control over the company and only has a significant influence.

Nature of the relationship with the associate: South Ocean Holdings Ltd. is in the business of manufacturing and selling related products in the Group's industry train. The Group invested in South Ocean Holdings Ltd. for the purpose of upstream/downstream integration.

Principal place of business (country of incorporation): Republic of South Africa

Fair value of the investment in the associate when there is a quoted market price for the investment: South Ocean Holdings Ltd. is a listed entity on the South African Stock Exchange. The fair value of the company's investment was NT\$250,877 thousand,

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NT\$128,635 thousand, and NT\$106,038 thousand, as of September 30 2024, December 31 2023, and September 30 2023, respectively.

Reconciliation of the associate's summarized financial information presented to the carrying amount of the Group's interest in the associate:

	As of		
	Sep. 30 2024	Dec. 31 2023	Sep. 30 2023
Current assets	\$2,100,583	\$1,222,067	\$1,392,801
Non-current assets	514,049	450,747	443,036
Current liabilities	1,163,735	424,855	655,111
Non-current liabilities	279,037	264,724	219,766
Equity	1,171,860	983,235	960,960
Proportion of the Group's ownership	30.74%	30.74%	30.74%
Carrying amount of the investment	<u>\$360,230</u>	<u>\$302,246</u>	<u>\$295,399</u>

	For the three-month periods ended		For the nine-month periods ended	
	September 30 2024	September 30 2023	September 30 2024	September 30 2023
Operating revenue	<u>\$987,503</u>	<u>\$1,424,236</u>	<u>\$3,224,040</u>	<u>\$3,034,061</u>
Profit or loss from continuing operations	<u>\$9,537</u>	<u>\$55,788</u>	<u>\$94,391</u>	<u>\$114,349</u>
Other comprehensive income	<u>-</u>	<u>278</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>278</u>
Total comprehensive income	<u>\$9,537</u>	<u>\$56,066</u>	<u>\$94,391</u>	<u>\$114,627</u>

- (b) The associates had no contingent liabilities or capital commitments as of September 30 2024, December 31 2023, and September 30 2023.
- (c) Investments accounted for using the equity method amounted to NT\$190,433 thousand and NT\$125,228 thousand as at September 30 2024 and 2023, respectively. The share of profits from associates and joint ventures recognized using the equity method for the three month periods ended September 30, 2024 and 2023, and for the nine month periods ended September 30, 2024 and 2023, amounted to profits of NT\$2,916 thousand, NT\$16,327 thousand, NT\$30,013 thousand, and NT\$34,146 thousand, respectively, and the share of other comprehensive income from associates and joint ventures recognized using the equity method for the three month periods ended September 30, 2024 and 2023, and for the nine month periods ended September 30, 2024 and 2023, amounted to profits of NT\$15,420 thousand, loss of NT\$3,695 thousand, profits of NT\$38,382 thousand and loss of NT\$27,760 thousand, respectively, based on the interim financial statements of

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the investee companies that have not been reviewed by accountants.

(9) Property, plant and equipment

	Land and land		Machinery and	Office	Transportation	Miscellaneous	Construction in progress and equipment awaiting examination	Total
	Improvements	Buildings	equipment	equipment	equipment	equipment		
Cost:								
As at Jan 1, 2024	\$455,871	\$868,329	\$726,220	\$22,199	\$13,496	\$353,109	\$29,650	\$2,468,874
Additions	-	-	-	-	-	-	26,720	26,720
Disposals	-	-	-	-	-	(4,855)	-	(4,855)
Other changes	-	530	15,812	-	370	14,064	(30,776)	-
As at Sep.30 2024	<u>\$455,871</u>	<u>\$868,859</u>	<u>\$742,032</u>	<u>\$22,199</u>	<u>\$13,866</u>	<u>\$362,318</u>	<u>\$25,594</u>	<u>\$2,490,739</u>
As at Jan 1, 2023	\$421,725	\$832,807	\$1,493,822	\$22,508	\$13,869	\$443,915	\$14,651	\$3,243,297
Additions	-	-	-	-	-	-	93,928	93,928
Disposals	-	-	(11,392)	(309)	-	(17,129)	-	(28,830)
Other changes	34,146	35,352	9,311	-	-	10,529	(89,338)	-
As at Sep.30 2023	<u>\$455,871</u>	<u>\$868,159</u>	<u>\$1,491,741</u>	<u>\$22,199</u>	<u>\$13,869</u>	<u>\$437,315</u>	<u>\$19,241</u>	<u>\$3,308,395</u>
Accumulated Depreciation and impairment:								
As at Jan 1, 2024	\$-	\$375,768	\$525,345	\$20,773	\$7,924	\$243,987	\$-	\$1,173,797
Depreciation	-	18,176	26,151	290	1,026	8,197	-	53,840
Disposals	-	-	-	-	-	(4,003)	-	(4,003)
Other changes	-	-	(108)	-	-	-	-	(108)
As at Sep.30,2024	<u>\$-</u>	<u>\$393,944</u>	<u>\$551,388</u>	<u>\$21,063</u>	<u>\$8,950</u>	<u>\$248,181</u>	<u>\$-</u>	<u>\$1,223,526</u>
As at Jan 1, 2023	\$-	\$351,757	\$1,201,116	\$20,669	\$7,049	\$328,807	\$-	\$1,909,398
Depreciation	-	17,962	34,188	310	1,021	9,227	-	62,708
Disposals	-	-	(8,531)	(309)	-	(12,258)	-	(21,098)
Other changes	-	-	(108)	-	-	-	-	(108)
As at Sep.30,2023	<u>\$-</u>	<u>\$369,719</u>	<u>\$1,226,665</u>	<u>\$20,670</u>	<u>\$8,070</u>	<u>\$325,776</u>	<u>\$-</u>	<u>\$1,950,900</u>
Net carrying amount as at:								
Sep. 30,2024	<u>\$455,871</u>	<u>\$474,915</u>	<u>\$190,644</u>	<u>\$1,136</u>	<u>\$4,916</u>	<u>\$114,137</u>	<u>\$25,594</u>	<u>\$1,267,213</u>
Dec.31,2023	<u>\$455,871</u>	<u>\$492,561</u>	<u>\$200,875</u>	<u>\$1,426</u>	<u>\$5,572</u>	<u>\$109,122</u>	<u>\$29,650</u>	<u>\$1,295,077</u>
Sep. 30 2023	<u>\$455,871</u>	<u>\$498,440</u>	<u>\$265,076</u>	<u>\$1,529</u>	<u>\$5,799</u>	<u>\$111,539</u>	<u>\$19,241</u>	<u>\$1,357,495</u>

- A. There is no capitalized borrowing costs of the Group's property, plant and equipment.
- B. Components of building that have different useful lives are main building structure, decoration engineering, mechanical and electrical engineering and roof-repairing engineering, which are depreciated over 40~55 years, 7 years, 5 years and 2 years, respectively.
- C. Please refer to Note 8 for more details on property, plant and equipment under pledge.

(10) Investment property

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	<u>Land</u>	<u>Buildings</u>	<u>Total</u>
Cost:			
As at Jan. 1, 2024	\$105,133	\$34,759	\$139,892
Disposal	-	-	-
As at Sep. 30, 2024	\$105,133	\$34,759	\$139,892
As at Jan. 1, 2023	\$105,133	\$34,759	\$139,892
Disposal	-	-	-
As at Sep. 30, 2023	\$105,133	\$34,759	\$139,892
Depreciation and impairment:			
As at Jan. 1, 2024	\$-	\$26,139	\$26,139
Depreciation	-	616	616
Disposal	-	-	-
As at Sep. 30, 2024	\$-	\$26,755	\$26,755
As at Jan. 1, 2023	\$-	\$25,317	\$25,317
Depreciation	-	616	616
Disposal	-	-	-
As at Sep. 30, 2023	\$-	\$25,933	\$25,933
Net carrying amount as at:			
Sep. 30 2024	\$105,133	\$8,004	\$113,137
Dec.31 2023	\$105,133	\$8,620	\$113,753
Sep. 30 2023	\$105,133	\$8,826	\$113,959

	<u>For the three-month periods ended</u>		<u>For the nine-month periods ended</u>	
	Sep. 30 2024	Sep. 30 2023	Sep. 30 2024	Sep. 30 2023
Rental income from investment property	\$1,152	\$1,062	\$3,531	\$3,283
Less:				
Direct operating expenses from investment property generating rental income	(225)	(226)	(739)	(703)
Total	\$927	\$836	\$2,792	\$2,580

Please refer to Note 8 for more details on Investment property under pledge.

Investment properties held by the Group are not measured at fair value but for which the fair value is disclosed. The fair value measurements of the investment properties are categorized within Level 3. The fair value of investment properties was NT\$409,717 thousand, NT\$409,717 thousand, and NT\$416,253 thousand, as at September 30 2024, December 31

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2023, and September 30 2023, respectively. The fair value has been determined based on valuations performed by Group management, not by an independent valuer. The valuation method used is refer to the market evaluation of similar item transaction prices in neighboring areas at September 30 2024, December 31 2023, and September 30 2023.

(11) Short-term borrowings

	As of		
	Sep. 30 2024	Dec. 31 2023	Sep. 30 2023
Unsecured bank loans	\$2,521	\$4,214	\$3,482
Interest Rates (%)	5.56%	1.20%	1.10%

As of September 30 2024, December 31 2023, and September 30 2023, The Group's unused credit line of comprehensive loans amounted to approximately NT\$1,237,262 thousand, NT\$1,042,082 thousand, and NT\$1,211,502 thousand, respectively.

Please refer to Note 8 for more details on bank loans as pledge.

(12) Provisions

	Warranties	
	For the nine-month periods ended	
	Sep.30,2024	Sep.30,2023
At the beginning of the period	\$100,000	\$120,000
Additions	-	-
Changes of current period	-	-
At the end of the period	\$100,000	\$120,000
Non-current	\$100,000	\$120,000

Warranties

A provision is recognized for expected warranty claims on products sold, based on past experience, management's judgement and other known factors.

(13) Post-employment benefits

Defined contribution plan

	For the three-month periods ended		For the nine-month periods ended	
	Sep. 30 2024	Sep. 30 2023	Sep. 30 2024	Sep. 30 2023
Operating Costs	\$1,215	\$1,570	\$3,559	\$5,080
Operating Expenses	919	694	2,193	4,085
Non-operating Expenses	44	74	155	220

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Total	<u>\$2,178</u>	<u>\$2,338</u>	<u>\$5,907</u>	<u>\$9,385</u>
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Defined benefits plan

	For the three-month periods ended		For the nine-month periods ended	
	Sep. 30 2024	Sep. 30 2023	Sep. 30 2024	Sep. 30 2023
Operating Costs	\$145	\$245	\$425	\$750
Operating Expenses	61	109	192	335
Total	<u>\$206</u>	<u>\$354</u>	<u>\$617</u>	<u>\$1,085</u>

(14) Equities

(a) Common stock

The Company's authorized capital was NT\$3,980,000 thousand and NT\$3,160,801 thousand was issued as of September 30 2024, December 31 2023, and September 30 2023, respectively, each at a par value of NT\$10, divided into 316,080 thousand shares.

(b) Capital surplus

	As of		
	Sep. 30 2024	Dec. 31 2023	Sep. 30 2023
Additional paid-in capital	\$165,601	\$165,601	\$165,601
Treasury share transactions	24,200	24,200	24,200
Donated assets received	1,903	1,903	1,903
Total	<u>\$191,704</u>	<u>\$191,704</u>	<u>\$191,704</u>

According to the Company Act, the capital reserve shall not be used except for making good the deficit of the company. When a company incurs no loss, it may distribute the capital reserves related to the income derived from the issuance of new shares at a premium or income from endowments received by the company. The distribution could be made in cash or in the form of dividend shares to its shareholders in proportion to the number of shares being held by each of them.

(c) Retained earnings and dividend policies

According to the Company's Articles of Incorporation, current year's earnings, if any, shall be distributed in the following order:

- A. Payment of all taxes and dues;
- B. Offset prior years' operation losses;
- C. Set aside 10% of the remaining amount after deducting items (a) and (b) as legal reserve;
- D. Set aside or reverse special reserve in accordance with law and regulations; and

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E. The distribution of the remaining portion, if any, will be recommended by the Board of Directors and resolved in the shareholders' meeting.

Considered the Company's coming capital need and the long-term financial planning, as well as the shareholder's interest, the principle of the dividend policy is 20% of the distributable earnings of the year at minimum and cash dividend should be at least 10% of the total dividends. However, if a significant non-recurring income occur in the year, a whole or portion of that income may be retained from the distribution, and is not applicable to the restriction above mentioned.

According to the Company Act, the Company needs to set aside amount to legal reserve unless where such legal reserve amounts to the total paid-in capital. The legal reserve can be used to make good the deficit of the Company. When the Company incurs no loss, it may distribute the portion of legal serve which exceeds 25% of the paid-in capital by issuing new shares or by cash in proportion to the number of shares being held by each of the shareholders.

When the Company distributing distributable earnings, it shall set aside to special reserve, an amount equal to "other net deductions from shareholders" equity for the current fiscal year, provided that if the company has already set aside special reserve according to the requirements for the adoption of IFRS, it shall set aside supplemental special reserve based on the difference between the amount already set aside and other net deductions from shareholders' equity. For any subsequent reversal of other net deductions from shareholders' equity, the amount reversed may be distributed from the special reserve.

Details of the 2023 and 2022 earnings distribution and dividends per share as approved and resolved by the Board of Directors' meeting on March 22, 2024 and March 24, 2023, respectively, are as follows:

	<u>Appropriation of earnings</u>		<u>Dividend per share (NT\$)</u>	
	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>
Legal reserve	\$70,267	\$35,481		
Special reserve (reversal) appropriated	(179,492)	179,492		
Common stock -cash dividend	632,160	474,120	\$2.0	\$1.5
Total	<u>\$522,935</u>	<u>\$689,093</u>		

Please refer to Note 6.18 for details on employees' compensation and remuneration to directors and supervisors.

(d) Non-controlling interests

	<u>Non-controlling interests</u>
As at January 1, 2024	\$2,434

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Income attributable to non-controlling interests	113
Other comprehensive income, attributable to non-controlling interests, net of tax:	
Unrealized gains (Losses) from equity instruments investments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income	(1)
Acquisition of issued shares of subsidiaries	(61)
Cash dividends paid by subsidiaries	(83)
As at September 30, 2024	<u>\$2,402</u>
As at January 1, 2023	\$2,182
Income attributable to non-controlling interests	491
Other comprehensive income, attributable to non-controlling interests, net of tax:	
Unrealized gains (Losses) from equity instruments investments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income	1
Cash dividends paid by subsidiaries	(33)
As at September 30, 2023	<u>\$2,641</u>

(15) Operating revenue

	For the three-month periods ended		For the nine-month periods ended	
	Sep. 30 2024	Sep. 30 2023	Sep. 30 2024	Sep. 30 2023
Sale of goods	\$1,537,983	\$1,635,902	\$4,823,172	\$4,447,473
Service Revenue	-	626	-	1,085
Total	<u>\$1,537,983</u>	<u>\$1,636,528</u>	<u>\$4,823,172</u>	<u>\$4,448,558</u>

Analysis of revenue from contracts with customers during the nine-month periods ended September 30 2024 and 2023 of the group are as follows:

(a) Disaggregation of revenue

For the three-month periods ended September 30 2024:

	A Dept	B Dept	Other Dept	Total
Sale of goods and rendering of services	<u>\$-</u>	<u>\$1,520,662</u>	<u>\$17,321</u>	<u>\$1,537,983</u>

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Timing of revenue recognition:

At a point in time	\$-	\$1,520,662	\$17,321	\$1,537,983
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For the nine-month periods ended September 30 2024:

	A Dept	B Dept	Other Dept	Total
Sale of goods and rendering of services	\$-	\$4,772,632	\$50,540	\$4,823,172

Timing of revenue recognition:

At a point in time	\$-	\$4,772,632	\$50,540	\$4,823,172
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For the three-month periods ended September 30 2023:

	A Dept	B Dept	Other Dept	Total
Sale of goods and rendering of services	\$44,907	\$1,571,408	\$20,213	\$1,636,528

Timing of revenue recognition:

At a point in time	\$44,907	\$1,571,408	\$20,213	\$1,636,528
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For the nine-month periods ended September 30 2023:

	A Dept	B Dept	Other Dept	Total
Sale of goods and rendering of services	\$178,077	\$4,191,923	\$78,558	\$4,448,558

Timing of revenue recognition:

At a point in time	\$178,077	\$4,191,923	\$78,558	\$4,448,558
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(b) Contract balances

Contract liabilities - current

	As of			
	Sep. 30 2024	Jan.1 2024	Sep. 30 2023	Jan.1 2023
Sales of goods	\$228,979	\$108,833	\$107,513	\$143,941

The significant changes in the Group's balances of contract liabilities for the nine-month periods ended September 30 2024 and 2023 are as follows:

For the nine-month periods ended
Sep.30,2024 Sep.30,2023

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The opening balance transferred to revenue	\$67,874	\$63,492
Increase in receipts in advance during the period (excluding the amount incurred and transferred to revenue during the period)	188,020	27,064

(c) Transaction price allocated to unsatisfied performance obligations

The Group's transaction price allocated to unsatisfied performance obligations (including partially unsatisfied) amounted to NT\$5,552,090 thousand as at September 30 2024. Management expects that 12% of the transaction price allocated to unsatisfied performance obligations will be recognized as revenue by December 31 2024. The remaining will be recognized during 2025.

The Group's transaction price allocated to unsatisfied performance obligations (including partially unsatisfied) amounted to NT\$4,998,542 thousand as at September 30 2023. Management expects that 68% of the transaction price allocated to unsatisfied performance obligations will be recognized as revenue by December 31 2023. The remaining will be recognized during 2024.

(d) Assets recognized from costs to fulfil a contract

None

(16) Expected credit losses/ (gains)

	For the three-month periods ended		For the nine-month periods ended	
	Sep. 30 2024	Sep. 30 2023	Sep. 30 2024	Sep. 30 2023
Operating expenses – Expected credit losses/(gains)	\$3,339	\$(14,156)	\$(1,151)	\$4,749
Accounts receivables				

Please refer to Note 12 for more details on credit risk.

The Company measures the loss allowance of its accounts receivables (including note receivables and accounts receivables) at an amount equal to lifetime expected credit losses. The assessment of the Company's loss allowance as of September 30, 2024, December 31, 2023, and September 30, 2023 are as follows:

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The Group considers the grouping of accounts receivables by counterparties' credit rating, by geographical region and by industry sector and its loss allowance is measured by using a provision matrix, details are as follows:

As at September 30 2024

Group 1	Overdue							Total
	Not yet due	181-270						
	(note)	<=30 days	31-60 days	61-90 days	91-180 days	days	>=270 days	
Gross carrying amount	\$575,758	\$4,363	\$2,479	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$582,600
Loss rate	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	
Lifetime expected credit losses	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	\$575,758	\$4,363	\$2,479	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$582,600

Group 2	Overdue							Total
	Not yet due	181-270						
	(note)	<=30 days	31-60 days	61-90 days	91-180 days	days	>=270 days	
Gross carrying amount	\$481,179	\$571	\$4,476	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$486,226
Loss rate	0.44%	20.67%	28.19%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	
Lifetime expected credit losses	(2,130)	(118)	(1,262)	-	-	-	-	(3,510)
Total	\$479,049	\$453	\$3,214	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$482,716

As at December 31 2023

Group 1	Overdue							Total
	Not yet due	181-270						
	(note)	<=30 days	31-60 days	61-90 days	91-180 days	days	>=270 days	
Gross carrying amount	\$822,685	\$4,066	\$9,299	\$-	\$2,551	\$5,360	\$-	\$843,961
Loss rate	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	
Lifetime expected credit losses	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	\$822,685	\$4,066	\$9,299	\$-	\$2,551	\$5,360	\$-	\$843,961

Group 2	Overdue							Total
	Not yet due	181-270						
	(note)	<=30 days	31-60 days	61-90 days	91-180 days	days	>=270 days	
Gross carrying amount	\$260,986	\$70	\$2,629	\$-	\$-	\$350	\$48	\$264,083
Loss rate	1.10%	25.71%	52.23%	0.00%	0.00%	100.00%	100.00%	
Lifetime expected credit losses	(2,872)	(18)	(1,373)	-	-	(350)	(48)	(4,661)
Total	\$258,114	\$52	\$1,256	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$259,422

As at September 30 2023

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Group 1	Overdue							Total
	Not yet due	181-270						
	(note)	<=30 days	31-60 days	61-90 days	91-180 days	days	>=270 days	
Gross carrying amount	\$609,197	\$14,663	\$891	\$-	\$2,550	\$5,361	\$-	\$632,662
Loss rate	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	
Lifetime expected credit losses	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	\$609,197	\$14,663	\$891	\$-	\$2,550	\$5,361	\$-	\$632,662

Group 2	Overdue							
	Not yet due	181-270						Total
	(note)	<=30 days	31-60 days	61-90 days	91-180 days	days	>=270 days	
Gross carrying amount	\$292,104	\$4,581	\$-	\$-	\$351	\$43	\$4	\$297,083
Loss rate	1.46%	16.52%	0.00%	0.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	
Lifetime expected credit losses	(4,266)	(757)	-	-	(351)	(43)	(4)	(5,421)
Total	\$287,838	\$3,824	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$291,662

Note: The Group's note receivables are not overdue.

The movement in the provision for impairment of notes receivable and accounts receivable during the nine-month periods ended September 30 2024 and 2023 is as follows:

	For the nine-month periods ended	
	Sep. 30,2024	Sep. 30,2023
Balance as of January 1	\$4,661	\$672
Addition(reversal) for the current period	(1,151)	4,749
Write off	-	-
Balance as of September 30	\$3,510	\$5,421

All provision referred to accounts receivable.

(17) Leases

(a) Group as a lessee

The Group leases various properties, including buildings, machinery and equipment, transportation equipment and other equipment. The lease terms range from 1 to 5 years. The Group's leases effect on the financial position, financial performance and cash flows are as follow:

A. Amounts recognized in the balance sheet

a. Right-of-use assets

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The carrying amount of right-of-use assets

	As of		
	Sep.30,2024	Dec.31,2023	Sep.30,2023
Buildings	\$299	\$4,157	\$4,997
Machinery and equipment	-	-	-
Other equipment	147	176	185
Total	<u>\$446</u>	<u>\$4,333</u>	<u>\$5,182</u>

b. Lease liabilities

	As of		
	Sep.30,2024	Dec.31,2023	Sep.30,2023
Current	\$312	\$4,035	\$5,071
Non-current	138	330	146
Total	<u>\$450</u>	<u>\$4,365</u>	<u>\$5,217</u>

Please refer to Note 6.19(d) for the interest on lease liabilities recognized during the nine-month periods ended September 30 2024 and 2023 and refer to Note 12.5 Liquidity Risk Management for the maturity analysis for lease liabilities.

B. Amounts recognized in the statement of profit or loss

Depreciation charge for right-of-use assets

	For the three-month periods ended		For the nine-month periods ended	
	Sep. 30 2024	Sep. 30 2023	Sep. 30 2024	Sep. 30 2023
Buildings	\$1,399	\$1,310	\$4,197	\$3,931
Machinery and equipment	-	53	-	231
Other equipment	9	3	28	3
Total	<u>\$1,408</u>	<u>\$1,366</u>	<u>\$4,225</u>	<u>\$4,165</u>

C. Income and costs relating to leasing activities

For the three-month periods ended		For the nine-month periods ended	
Sep. 30 2024	Sep. 30 2023	Sep. 30 2024	Sep. 30 2023

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The expenses relating to short-term leases	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-
The expenses relating to leases of low-value assets (Not including the expenses relating to short-term leases of low-value assets)	269	180	602	605

D. Cash outflow relating to leasing activities

During the nine-month periods ended September 30 2024 and 2023, the Group's total cash outflows for leases amounting to NT\$4,865 thousand and NT\$4,806 thousand, respectively.

E. Other information relating to leasing activities

Extension and termination options

Some of the Group's buildings and machinery and equipment agreement (e.g. property rental agreement) contain extension and termination options. In determining the lease terms, the non-cancellable period for which the Group has the right to use an underlying asset, together with both periods covered by an option to extend the lease if the Group is reasonably certain to exercise that option and periods covered by an option to terminate the lease if the Group is reasonably certain not to exercise that option. These options are used to maximize operational flexibility in terms of managing contracts. The majority of extension and termination options held are exercisable only by the Group. After the commencement date, the Group reassesses the lease term upon the occurrence of a significant event or a significant change in circumstances that is within the control of the lessee and affects whether the Group is reasonably certain to exercise an option not previously included in its determination of the lease term, or not to exercise an option previously included in its determination of the lease term.

(b) Group as a lessor

Please refer to Note 6.10 for details on the Group's owned investment properties. Leases of owned investment properties are classified as operating leases as they do not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of underlying assets.

	For the three-month periods ended		For the nine-month periods ended	
	Sep. 30 2024	Sep. 30 2023	Sep. 30 2024	Sep. 30 2023
Lease income for operating leases				
Income relating to fixed lease payments	\$1,152	\$1,062	\$3,531	\$3,283

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and variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate				
Income relating to variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or a rate	-	-	-	-
Total	<u>\$1,152</u>	<u>\$1,062</u>	<u>\$3,531</u>	<u>\$3,283</u>

For operating leases entered by the Group, the undiscounted lease payments to be received and a total of the amounts for the remaining years as at September 30 2024 are as follow:

	As of		
	Sep.30, 2024	Dec.31,2023	Sep.30,2023
Not later than one year	\$493	\$3,794	\$4,172
Later than one year but not later than two year	-	24	379
Total	<u>\$493</u>	<u>\$3,818</u>	<u>\$4,551</u>

(18) Summary statement of employee benefits, depreciation and amortization expenses by function are as follow:

	For the three-month periods ended September 30, 2024				For the three-month periods ended September 30, 2023			
	Operating costs	Operating expenses	Non- operating expenses	Total amount	Operating costs	Operating expenses	Non- operating expenses	Total amount
Employee benefits expense								
Salaries	\$45,425	\$29,416	\$1,468	\$76,309	\$51,464	\$44,344	\$1,304	\$97,112
Labor and health insurance	3,641	1,818	79	5,538	4,377	2,455	118	6,950
Pension	1,360	980	44	2,384	1,815	803	74	2,692
Other employee benefits expense	2,041	578	40	2,659	2,316	677	49	3,042
Depreciation	17,144	2,582	-	19,726	19,781	2,717	-	22,498
Amortization	-	86	-	86	298	78	-	376

	For the nine-month periods ended September 30, 2024				For the nine-month periods ended September 30, 2023			
	Operating costs	Operating expenses	Non- operating expenses	Total amount	Operating costs	Operating expenses	Non- operating expenses	Total amount
Employee benefits expense								
Salaries	\$139,006	\$99,248	\$4,350	\$242,604	\$151,425	\$122,227	\$5,116	\$278,768

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Labor and health insurance	10,883	5,304	284	16,471	13,931	7,828	354	22,113
Pension	3,984	2,385	155	6,524	5,830	4,420	220	10,470
Other employee benefits expense	6,091	1,814	145	8,050	6,891	1,969	130	8,990
Depreciation	51,202	7,479	-	58,681	59,452	8,037	-	67,489
Amortization	-	237	-	237	1,192	256	-	1,448

According to the Articles of Incorporation, 2% to 8% of profit of the current year is distributable as employees' compensation and no higher than 3% of profit of the current year is distributable as remuneration to directors and supervisors. However, the Company's accumulated losses shall have been covered. The Company may, by a resolution adopted by a majority vote at a meeting of Board of Directors attended by two-thirds of the total number of directors, have the profit distributable as employees' compensation in the form of shares or in cash; and in addition thereto a report of such distribution is submitted to the shareholders' meeting. Information on the Board of Directors' resolution regarding the employees' compensation and remuneration to directors and supervisors can be obtained from the "Market Observation Post System" on the website of the TWSE.

The company, based on the profit situation for the nine-month periods ended September 30 2024, has estimated employee compensation and director/supervisor remuneration at 5.80% and 2.90%, respectively. Similarly, based on the profit situation for the nine-month periods ended September 30 2023, employee compensation and director/supervisor remuneration were also estimated at 5.30% and 2.65%, respectively. The estimated amounts are as follows:

	For the three-month periods ended		For the nine-month periods ended	
	Sep. 30 2024	Sep. 30 2023	Sep. 30 2024	Sep. 30 2023
Employee compensation	\$12,925	\$8,571	\$46,834	\$30,528
Director/supervisor remuneration	6,462	4,285	23,417	15,264

The above mentioned distribution of the employee compensation and remuneration recorded under salary expense. Differences between the estimated amount and the actual distribution of the employee compensation and remuneration to directors and supervisors will be recognized in profit or loss of the subsequent year.

A resolution was passed at a Board of Directors meeting held on March 22, 2024 to distribute NT\$48,843 thousand and NT\$24,422 thousand in cash as employees' compensation and remuneration to directors and supervisors of 2023, respectively. No material differences exist between the estimated amount and the actual distribution of the employee compensation and remuneration to directors and supervisors for the years ended December 31, 2023.

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No material differences exist between the estimated amount and the actual distribution of the employee compensation and remuneration to directors and supervisors for the years ended December 31 2023.

(19) Non-operating income and expenses

(a) Interest income

	For the three-month periods ended		For the nine-month periods ended	
	Sep. 30 2024	Sep. 30 2023	Sep. 30 2024	Sep. 30 2023
Bank interest income	\$2,157	\$1,361	\$5,683	\$3,954
Financial assets measured at amortized cost	2,082	2,294	6,780	6,556
Others Interest income	440	5	1,059	15
Total	<u>\$4,679</u>	<u>\$3,660</u>	<u>\$13,522</u>	<u>\$10,525</u>

(b) Other income

	For the three-month periods ended		For the nine-month periods ended	
	Sep. 30 2024	Sep. 30 2023	Sep. 30 2024	Sep. 30 2023
Rental income	\$1,449	\$1,598	\$4,395	\$4,335
Dividend income	34,117	4,889	72,105	40,252
Other income	6,401	13,038	13,785	20,352
Total	<u>\$41,967</u>	<u>\$19,525</u>	<u>\$90,285</u>	<u>\$64,939</u>

(c) Other gains and losses

	For the three-month periods ended		For the nine-month periods ended	
	Sep. 30 2024	Sep. 30 2023	Sep. 30 2024	Sep. 30 2023
Gains (losses) on disposal of property, plant and equipment	\$-	\$(993)	\$(632)	\$(987)
Foreign exchange gains (losses), net	624	1,325	7,083	(176)
Gain on reversal of impairment loss	36	36	108	108

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Gains (losses) on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (Note)	(23,112)	(13,726)	11,671	32,791
Other income	(1,968)	(1,976)	(5,541)	(6,637)
Total	<u>\$(24,420)</u>	<u>\$(15,334)</u>	<u>\$12,689</u>	<u>\$25,099</u>

Note: Balances were arising from financial assets mandatorily measured at fair value through profit or loss, including valuation adjustment.

(d) Finance costs

	For the three-month periods ended		For the nine-month periods ended	
	Sep. 30 2024	Sep. 30 2023	Sep. 30 2024	Sep. 30 2023
Deposit imputed interest	\$322	\$301	\$1,230	\$974
Interest on Bank loan	-	-	15	-
Interest on lease liabilities	7	20	34	76
Total	<u>\$329</u>	<u>\$321</u>	<u>\$1,279</u>	<u>\$1,050</u>

(20) Components of other comprehensive income

For the three-month periods ended September 30 2024 :

	Arising during the period	Reclassification adjustments during the period	Other comprehensive income, before tax	Income tax relating to components of other comprehensive income	Other comprehensive income, net of tax
Not to be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods:					
Unrealized gains (losses) from equity instruments investments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income	\$(119,001)	\$-	\$(119,001)	\$(3,135)	\$(122,136)
To be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods:					
Exchange differences resulting from translating the financial statements of a foreign operation	(4,146)	-	(4,146)	-	(4,146)
Share of other comprehensive income of associates and joint ventures accounted for using the equity method	15,420	-	15,420	-	15,420
Total other comprehensive income	<u>\$(107,727)</u>	<u>\$-</u>	<u>\$(107,727)</u>	<u>\$(3,135)</u>	<u>\$(110,862)</u>

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For the three-month periods ended September 30 2023 :

	Arising during the period	Reclassification adjustments during the period	Other comprehensive income, before tax	Income tax relating to components of other comprehensive income	Other comprehensive income, net of tax
Not to be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods:					
Unrealized gains (losses) from equity instruments investments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income	\$16,588	\$-	\$16,588	\$(6,640)	\$9,948
To be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods:					
Exchange differences resulting from translating the financial statements of a foreign operation	5,777	-	5,777	-	5,777
Share of other comprehensive income of associates and joint ventures accounted for using the equity method	3,695	-	3,695	-	3,695
Total of other comprehensive income	\$26,060	\$-	\$26,060	\$(6,640)	\$19,420

For the nine-month periods ended September 30 2024 :

	Arising during the period	Reclassification adjustments during the period	Other comprehensive income, before tax	Income tax relating to components of other comprehensive income	Other comprehensive income, net of tax
Not to be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods:					
Unrealized gains (losses) from equity instruments investments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income	\$(35,246)	\$-	\$(35,246)	\$(6,971)	\$(42,217)
To be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods:					
Exchange differences resulting from translating the financial statements of a foreign operation	4,979	-	4,979	-	4,979
Share of other comprehensive income of associates and joint ventures accounted for using the equity method	38,382	-	38,382	-	38,382
Total other comprehensive income	\$8,115	\$-	\$8,115	\$(6,971)	\$1,144

For the nine-month periods ended September 30 2023 :

	Arising during the period	Reclassification adjustments during the period	Other comprehensive income, before tax	Income tax relating to components of other	Other comprehensive income, net of tax
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				comprehensive income	
Not to be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods:					
Unrealized gains (losses) from equity instruments investments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income	\$195,410	\$-	\$195,410	\$(1,914)	\$193,496
To be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods:					
Exchange differences resulting from translating the financial statements of a foreign operation	5,694	-	5,694	-	5,694
Share of other comprehensive income of associates and joint ventures accounted for using the equity method	(27,760)	-	(27,760)	-	(27,760)
Total of other comprehensive income	\$173,344	\$-	\$173,344	\$(1,914)	\$171,430

(21) Income tax

The major components of income tax expense (income) for the nine-month periods ended September 30 2024 and 2023 are as follows:

Income tax expense (income) recognized in profit or loss

	For the three-month periods ended		For the nine-month periods ended	
	Sep. 30 2024	Sep. 30 2023	Sep. 30 2024	Sep. 30 2023
Current income tax expense (income):				
Current income tax charge	\$32,337	\$22,900	\$135,177	\$85,384
Adjustments in respect of current income tax of prior periods	(941)	-	(228)	(1,510)
Deferred tax expense (income):				
Deferred tax expense (income) relating to origination and reversal of temporary differences	141	8,879	9,927	9,938
Total income tax expense (income)	\$31,537	\$31,779	\$144,876	\$93,812

Income tax relating to components of other comprehensive income

	For the three-month periods ended		For the nine-month periods ended	
	Sep. 30	Sep. 30	Sep. 30	Sep. 30

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	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>
Deferred tax expense (income):				
Gains (losses) from equity instruments				
investments measured at fair value				
through other comprehensive income	<u>\$3,135</u>	<u>\$6,640</u>	<u>\$6,971</u>	<u>\$1,914</u>

The assessment of income tax returns

As of September 30 2024, the assessment of the income tax returns of the Company and its subsidiaries is as follows:

	<u>The assessment of income tax returns</u>
The Company	Assessed and approved up to 2022
Subsidiary- Safety Investment Corp.	Assessed and approved up to 2022
Subsidiary- Hong-Hong Engineer Co. Ltd.	Assessed and approved up to 2022

(22) Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share amounts are calculated by dividing net profit for the year attributable to ordinary equity holders of the parent entity by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year.

	<u>For the three-month periods ended</u>		<u>For the nine-month periods ended</u>	
	<u>Sep. 30</u>	<u>Sep. 30</u>	<u>Sep. 30</u>	<u>Sep. 30</u>
	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>
Basic earnings per share				
Profit attributable to ordinary equity holders	\$138,003	\$121,594	\$606,488	\$452,296
of the Company (in thousand NT\$)				
Weighted average number of ordinary				
shares outstanding for basic earnings per	316,080	316,080	316,080	316,080
share (in thousands)				
Basic earnings per share (NT\$)	<u>\$0.44</u>	<u>\$0.38</u>	<u>\$1.92</u>	<u>\$1.43</u>
	<u>For the three-month periods ended</u>		<u>For the nine-month periods ended</u>	
	<u>Sep. 30</u>	<u>Sep. 30</u>	<u>Sep. 30</u>	<u>Sep. 30</u>
	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>
Diluted earnings per share				
(Loss) profit attributable to ordinary equity				
holders of the Company (in thousand	\$138,003	\$121,594	\$606,488	\$452,296
NT\$)				

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Profit attributable to ordinary equity holders of the Company after dilution (in thousand NT\$)	\$138,003	\$121,594	\$606,488	\$452,296
Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding for basic earnings per share (in thousands)	316,080	316,080	316,080	316,080
Effect of dilution:				
Employee compensation—stock (in thousands)	1,360	1,108	1,851	1,596
Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding after dilution (in thousands)	317,440	317,188	317,931	317,676
Diluted earnings per share (NT\$)	\$0.44	\$0.38	\$1.91	\$1.42

There have been no other transactions involving ordinary shares or potential ordinary shares between the reporting date and the date of completion of the financial statements.

7. Related party transactions

Information of the related parties that had transactions with the Group during the financial reporting period is as follows:

A. Name and nature of relationship of the related parties

<u>Name of the related parties</u>	<u>Nature of relationship of the related parties</u>
South Ocean Holdings Ltd	Associate
Lianfa Metal Enterprise Co., Ltd	Other (Director of the related party)
United Electric Industry Co., Ltd.	Other (Director of the related party)
Key management personnel	Key management personnel

B. Significant transactions with the related parties

(1) Sales

	<u>For the three-month periods ended</u>		<u>For the nine-month periods ended</u>	
	Sep. 30	Sep. 30	Sep. 30	Sep. 30
	2024	2023	2024	2023
Other				
Lianfa Metal Enterprise Co., Ltd	\$23,700	\$5,460	\$23,700	\$5,460

The terms and conditions of sales (including prices) to related parties are similar to those with non-related parties.

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(2) Purchases

	For the three-month periods ended		For the nine-month periods ended	
	Sep. 30 2024	Sep. 30 2023	Sep. 30 2024	Sep. 30 2023
Other				
Lianfa Metal Enterprise Co., Ltd	\$535,399	\$477,395	\$1,340,658	\$1,157,236
United Electric Industry Co., Ltd.	11,853	100,194	177,796	169,047
Total	<u>\$547,252</u>	<u>\$577,589</u>	<u>\$1,518,454</u>	<u>\$1,326,283</u>

The terms and conditions of purchases (including prices) to related parties are similar to those with non-related parties.

(3) Accounts payable – related parties

	As of		
	Sep. 30 2024	Dec. 31 2023	Sep. 30 2023
Other			
Lianfa Metal Enterprise Co., Ltd	\$1,848	\$1,119	\$1,440
United Electric Industry Co., Ltd.	-	25,301	45,308
Total	<u>\$1,848</u>	<u>\$26,420</u>	<u>\$46,748</u>

(4) Notes payable– related parties

	As of		
	Sep. 30 2024	Dec. 31 2023	Sep. 30 2023
Other			
United Electric Industry Co., Ltd.	\$12,508	\$-	\$47,109

(5) Stock transactions between the Group and related parties

	For the nine-month periods ended Sep. 30 2024		
	Object	Number of shares	Price
Key management personnel			
Key management personnel.	Safety Investment Corp.	2,466	\$39

(6) Others

	As of		
	Sep. 30 2024	Dec. 31 2023	Sep. 30 2023
Prepayments			
Other			

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United Electric Industry Co., Ltd.	<u>\$6,686</u>	<u>\$4,384</u>	<u>\$1,485</u>
Refundable deposits			
Other			
Lianfa Metal Enterprise Co., Ltd	<u>\$29,227</u>	<u>\$29,227</u>	<u>\$29,227</u>
	For the three-month periods ended	For the nine-month periods ended	
	Sep. 30	Sep. 30	Sep. 30
	2024	2023	2024
			2023
Dividend income			
Other			
United Electric Industry Co., Ltd.	<u>\$-</u>	<u>\$-</u>	<u>\$16,361</u>
			<u>\$9,540</u>
	For the three-month periods ended	For the nine-month periods ended	
	Sep. 30	Sep. 30	Sep. 30
	2024	2023	2024
			2023
Other income			
Associate			
South Ocean holdings Ltd	\$596	\$365	\$722
			\$805
Other			
Lianfa Metal Enterprise Co., Ltd	20	-	20
			-
United Electric Industry Co., Ltd.	<u>1,552</u>	<u>926</u>	<u>1,552</u>
			<u>926</u>
Total	<u>\$2,168</u>	<u>\$1,291</u>	<u>\$2,294</u>
			<u>\$1,731</u>
Operating Costs			
Other			
United Electric Industry Co., Ltd.	<u>\$-</u>	<u>\$-</u>	<u>\$91</u>
			<u>\$-</u>
Operating Expense			
Associate			
South Ocean holdings Ltd	<u>\$303</u>	<u>\$255</u>	<u>\$303</u>
			<u>\$255</u>

(7) Key management personnel compensation

	For the three-month periods ended	For the nine-month periods ended
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	Sep. 30 2024	Sep. 30 2023	Sep. 30 2024	Sep. 30 2023
Short-term employee benefits	\$3,340	\$3,896	\$9,632	\$11,895
Post-employment benefits	101	150	292	449
Total	<u>\$3,441</u>	<u>\$4,046</u>	<u>\$9,924</u>	<u>\$12,344</u>

8. Assets pledged as security

The following table lists assets of the Group pledged as security:

Items	Carrying amount			Secured liabilities
	Sep.30 2024	Dec.31 2023	Sep.30 2023	
Financial Assets at Amortized Cost, Current	\$678	\$-	\$-	Performance guarantee
Financial Assets at Amortized Cost, Non - current	33,500	-	-	"
Property, plant and equipment - land and buildings	\$785,568	\$799,372	\$804,199	Long-term and short - term borrowings, Performance guarantee 、 General credit limit
Investment property – land and buildings	54,162	54,610	54,759	"
Total	<u>\$873,908</u>	<u>\$853,982</u>	<u>\$858,958</u>	

9. Significant contingencies and unrecognized contractual commitments

- (1) For the needs of bank financing, purchase of materials, sales of goods, tax after release, and engineering guarantee funds, the guarantee bill is issued as follows:

Guaranteed Bill Company	item	As of September 30, 2024
The Company	Bank loan and purchase guarantee	\$60,000
"	Sales contract guarantee	404,391
"	Comprehensive Bank Credit Limite	450,000
"	Performance guarantee and tax guarantee after release	167,673
Total		<u>\$1,082,064</u>

- (2) As of September 30, 2024, the Company has opened an unused letter of credit for USD 369 thousand dollar, JPY 89,159 thousand dollar and EUR 977 thousand dollar.
- (3) As of September 30, 2024, the Company has signed a sales contract and has not yet delivered the amount of NT\$1,244,393 thousand.

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10. Losses due to major disasters

None.

11. Significant subsequent events

None.

12. Others

(1) Categories of financial instruments

Financial assets

	As of		
	Sep. 30	Dec. 31	Sep. 30
	2024	2023	2023
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss:			
Designated at fair value through profit or loss	\$340,775	\$295,436	\$250,238
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	1,987,561	1,580,248	1,388,353
Financial assets measured at amortized cost (Note)	2,271,324	3,246,571	2,782,121
Total	<u>\$4,599,660</u>	<u>\$5,122,255</u>	<u>\$4,420,712</u>

Financial liabilities

	As of		
	Sep. 30	Dec. 31	Sep. 30
	2024	2023	2023
Financial liabilities at amortized cost:			
Short-term borrowings	\$2,521	\$4,214	\$3,482
Notes and Accounts payable (including related party)	378,779	401,437	299,688
Other payables	188,381	214,351	163,257
Lease liability	450	4,365	5,217
Refundable deposits	1,579	1,597	1,597
Total	<u>\$571,710</u>	<u>\$625,964</u>	<u>\$473,241</u>

Note: Including cash and cash equivalents (excluding cash in hand and petty cash), financial assets measured at amortized cost (including non-current), notes and accounts receivable (including related parties), other receivables (including related parties) and refundable deposits.

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(2) Financial risk management objectives and policies

The Group's principal financial risk management objective is to manage the market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk related to its operating activities. The Group identifies measures and manages the aforementioned risks based on the Group's policy and risk appetite.

The Group has established appropriate policies, procedures and internal controls for financial risk management. Before entering into significant transactions, due approval process by the Board of Directors and Audit Committee must be carried out based on related protocols and internal control procedures. The Group complies with its financial risk management policies at all times.

(3) Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of the changes in market prices. Market prices comprise currency risk, interest rate risk and other price risk (such as equity risk).

In practice, it is rarely the case that a single risk variable will change independently from other risk variable, there is usually interdependencies between risk variables. However the sensitivity analysis disclosed below does not take into account the interdependencies between risk variables.

Foreign currency risk

The Group's exposure to the risk of changes in foreign exchange rates relates primarily to the Group's operating activities (when revenue or expense are denominated in a different currency from the Group's functional currency) and the Group's net investments in foreign subsidiaries.

The Group has certain foreign currency receivables to be denominated in the same foreign currency with certain foreign currency payables, therefore natural hedge is received. The Group also uses forward contracts to hedge the foreign currency risk on certain items denominated in foreign currencies. Hedge accounting is not applied as they did not qualify for hedge accounting criteria. Furthermore, as net investments in foreign subsidiaries are for strategic purposes, they are not hedged by the Group.

The foreign currency sensitivity analysis of the possible change in foreign exchange rates on the Group's profit is performed on significant monetary items denominated in foreign currencies as at the end of the reporting period. The Group's foreign currency risk is mainly related to the volatility in the exchange rates for foreign currency USD. The information of the sensitivity analysis is as follows:

When NTD strengthens/weakens against foreign currency USD by 1%, the profit for the nine-month periods ended September 30 2024 and 2023 is decreased/increased by NT\$831 thousand and NT\$688 thousand.

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Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Group's exposure to the risk of changes in market interest rates relates primarily to the Group's debt instrument investments at variable interest rates, bank borrowings with fixed interest rates and variable interest rates.

The interest rate sensitivity analysis is performed on items exposed to interest rate risk as at the end of the reporting period, including investments and borrowings with variable interest rates and interest rate swaps. At the reporting date, a change of 10 basis points of interest rate in a reporting period could cause the profit for the nine-month periods ended September 30 2024 and 2023 to decrease/increase by NT\$104 thousand and NT\$25 thousand, respectively.

Equity price risk

The fair value of the Group's listed and unlisted equity securities are susceptible to market price risk arising from uncertainties about future values of the investment securities. The Group's listed and unlisted equity securities are classified under financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss and financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income. The Group manages the equity price risk through diversification and placing limits on individual and total equity instruments. Reports on the equity portfolio are submitted to the Group's senior management on a regular basis. The Group's Board of Directors reviews and approves all equity investment decisions.

At the reporting date, a change of 1% in the price of the listed equity securities measured at fair value through profit or loss could increase/decrease the Group's profit for the nine-month periods ended September 30 2024 and 2023 by NT\$2,824 thousand and NT\$2,283 thousand, respectively.

At the reporting date, a change of 1% in the price of the listed companies stocks classified as equity instruments investments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income could have an impact of NT\$11,541 thousand and NT\$6,779 thousand on the equity attributable to the Group for the nine-month periods ended September 30 2024 and 2023, respectively.

Please refer to Note 12.8 for sensitivity analysis information of other equity instruments or

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derivatives that are linked to such equity instruments whose fair value measurement is categorized under Level 3.

(4) Credit risk management

Credit risk is the risk that a counterparty will not meet its obligations under a contract, leading to a financial loss. The Group is exposed to credit risk from operating activities (primarily for trade and notes receivables) and from its financing activities, including bank deposits and other financial instruments.

Credit risk is managed by each business unit subject to our Group's established policy, procedures and control relating to credit risk management. Credit limits are established for all counter parties based on their financial position, rating from credit rating agencies, historical experience, prevailing economic condition and our Group's internal rating criteria etc. Certain counter parties' credit risk will also be managed by taking credit enhancing procedures, such as requesting for prepayment or insurance.

As of September 30 2024, December 31 2023 and September 30 2023, account receivables from top ten customers represent 79% , 77% and 76% of the total account receivables of the Group, respectively. The credit concentration risk of other account receivables is insignificant.

Credit risk from balances with banks, fixed income securities and other financial instruments is managed by the Group's treasury in accordance with the Group's policy. The Group only transacts with counterparties approved by the internal control procedures, which are banks and financial institutions, companies and government entities with good credit rating. Consequently, there is no significant credit risk for these counter parties.

In addition, when the Group assesses that it cannot reasonably expect to recover financial assets (for example, the issuer or debtor has major financial difficulties, or has gone bankrupt), it will be written off.

(5) Liquidity risk management

The Group's objective is to maintain a balance between continuity of funding and flexibility through the use of cash and cash equivalents, highly liquid equity investments and bank borrowings. The table below summarizes the maturity profile of the Group's financial liabilities based on the contractual undiscounted payments and contractual maturity. The

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payment amount includes the contractual interest. The undiscounted payment relating to borrowings with variable interest rates is extrapolated based on the estimated interest rate yield curve as of the end of the reporting period.

Non-derivative financial liabilities

	Less than 1 year	2 to 3 years	4 to 5 years	> 5 years	Total
As at Sep. 30, 2024					
Borrowings	\$2,521	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$2,521
Trades payables	378,779	-	-	-	378,779
Other payables	188,381	-	-	-	188,381
Lease liabilities	316	108	36	-	460

	Less than 1 year	2 to 3 years	4 to 5 years	> 5 years	Total
As at Dec. 31, 2023					
Borrowings	\$4,214	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$4,214
Trades payables	401,437	-	-	-	401,437
Other payables	214,351	-	-	-	214,351
Lease liabilities	4,060	279	66	-	4,405

	Less than 1 year	2 to 3 years	4 to 5 years	> 5 years	Total
As at Sep. 30, 2023					
Borrowings	\$3,482	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$3,482
Trades payables	299,688	-	-	-	299,688
Other payables	163,257	-	-	-	163,257
Lease liabilities	5,109	79	76	-	5,264

(6) Reconciliation of liabilities arising from financing activities

Reconciliation of liabilities for the nine-month periods ended September 30, 2024:

	Short-term borrowings	Deposit received	Leases liabilities	Total liabilities from financing activities
As at Jan.1, 2024	\$4,214	\$1,597	\$4,365	\$10,176
Cash flows	(1,693)	(18)	(4,286)	(5,997)
Non-cash changes	-	-	371	371
As at Sep. 30, 2024	\$2,521	\$1,579	\$450	\$4,550

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Reconciliation of liabilities for the nine-month periods ended September 30, 2023:

	Short-term borrowings	Deposit received	Leases liabilities	Total liabilities from financing activities
As at Jan.1, 2023	\$-	\$1,597	\$9,236	\$10,833
Cash flows	3,482	-	(4,224)	(742)
Non-cash changes	-	-	205	205
As at Sep.30, 2023	<u>\$3,482</u>	<u>\$1,597</u>	<u>\$5,217</u>	<u>\$10,296</u>

(7) Fair values of financial instruments

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The following methods and assumptions were used by the Group to measure or disclose the fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities:

- A. The carrying amount of cash and cash equivalents, trade receivables, accounts payable and other current liabilities approximate their fair value due to their short maturities.
- B. For financial assets and liabilities traded in an active market with standard terms and conditions, their fair value is determined based on market quotation price (including listed equity securities, beneficiary certificates, bonds and futures etc.) at the reporting date.
- C. Fair value of equity instruments without market quotations (including private placement of listed equity securities, unquoted public company and private company equity securities) are estimated using the market method valuation techniques based on parameters such as prices based on market transactions of equity instruments of identical or comparable entities and other relevant information (for example, inputs such as discount for lack of marketability, P/E ratio of similar entities and Price-Book ratio of similar entities).

(8) Fair value measurement hierarchy

(a) Fair value measurement hierarchy

All asset and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorized within the fair value hierarchy, based on the lowest level

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input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole. Level 1, 2 and 3 inputs are described as follows:

Level 1 – Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date

Level 2 – Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly

Level 3 – Unobservable inputs for the asset or liability

For assets and liabilities that are recognized in the financial statements on a recurring basis, the Group determines whether transfers have occurred between Levels in the hierarchy by re-assessing categorization at the end of each reporting period.

(b) Fair value measurement hierarchy of the Group's assets and liabilities

The Group does not have assets that are measured at fair value on a non-recurring basis. Fair value measurement hierarchy of the Group's assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis is as follows:

As of September 30, 2024

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets:				
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss				
Stocks	\$282,435	\$-	\$21,724	\$304,159
Corporate Bonds	23,888	-	-	23,888
Government Bonds	12,728	-	-	12,728
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income				
Stocks	1,154,079	-	833,482	1,987,561

As of December 31, 2023

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets:				
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss				
Stocks	\$243,262	\$-	\$20,521	\$263,783

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Corporate Bonds	25,531	-	-	25,531
Government Bonds	6,122	-	-	6,122
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income				
Stocks	876,095	-	704,153	1,580,248

As of September 30, 2023

	<u>Level 1</u>	<u>Level 2</u>	<u>Level 3</u>	<u>Total</u>
Financial assets:				
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss				
Stocks	\$228,265	\$-	\$21,973	\$250,238
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income				
Stocks	699,172	-	689,181	1,388,353

Transfers between Level 1 and Level 2 during the period

During the nine-month periods ended September 30, 2024 and 2023, there were no transfers between Level 1 and Level 2 fair value measurements.

Details of changes in Level 3 of the recurring fair value hierarchy

Reconciliation for fair value measurements in Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy for movements during the period is as follows:

	<u>For the nine-month periods ended September 30, 2024</u>	
	<u>At fair value through profit or loss</u>	<u>At fair value through other comprehensive income</u>
	<u>Stocks</u>	<u>Stocks</u>
Beginning balances as at January 1, 2024	\$20,521	\$704,153
Total gains and losses recognized for the nine-month periods ended September 30, 2024:		
Amount recognized in profit or loss (presented in “other profit or loss”)	(2,799)	-

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Amount recognized in OCI (presented in “Unrealized gains (losses) from equity instruments investments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income)	-	30,273
Acquisition/issues for the nine-month periods ended September 30, 2024	4,002	113,445
Disposal/settlements for the nine-month periods ended September 30, 2024	-	(13,557)
Fluctuations in exchange	-	(832)
Ending balances as at September 30, 2024	<u>\$21,724</u>	<u>\$833,482</u>

	For the nine-month periods ended September 30, 2023	
	At fair value through profit or loss	At fair value through other comprehensive income
	Stocks	Stocks
Beginning balances as at January 1, 2023	\$20,795	\$603,192
Total gains and losses recognized for the nine-month periods ended September 30, 2023:		
Amount recognized in profit or loss (presented in “other profit or loss”)	1,178	-
Amount recognized in OCI (presented in “Unrealized gains (losses) from equity instruments investments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income)	-	79,975
Acquisition/issues for the nine-month periods ended September 30, 2023	-	46,253
Disposal/settlements for the nine-month periods ended September 30, 2023	-	(40,821)
Fluctuations in exchange	-	582
Ending balances as at September 30, 2023	<u>\$21,973</u>	<u>\$689,181</u>

Total gains and losses recognized in profit or loss for the nine-month periods ended September 30, 2024 and 2023 in the table above contain gains (losses) related to assets on hand as of September 30, 2024 and 2023 in the amount of NT\$(2,798) thousand and NT\$1,178 thousand, respectively.

Significant unobservable input information in Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy

Description of significant unobservable inputs to valuation of recurring fair value measurements categorized within Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy is as follows:

As of September 30, 2024

Valuation techniques	Significant unobservable inputs	Quantitative information	Relationship between inputs and fair value	Sensitivity of the input to fair value
Financial assets:				
At fair value through profit or loss				

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Stocks	Market approach	discount for lack of marketability	10%~20%	The higher the discount for lack of marketability, the lower the fair value of the stocks	1% increase/decrease in the discount for lack of marketability would result in decrease/increase in the Group's profit or loss by NT\$217 thousand
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income					
Stocks	Market approach	discount for lack of marketability	10%~35%	The higher the discount for lack of marketability, the lower the fair value of the stocks	1% increase/decrease in the discount for lack of marketability would result in decrease/increase in the Group's equity by NT\$8,335 thousand

As of December 31, 2023

	Valuation techniques	Significant unobservable inputs	Quantitative information	Relationship between inputs and fair value	Sensitivity of the input to fair value
Financial assets:					
At fair value through profit or loss					
Stocks	Market approach	discount for lack of marketability	10%~20%	The higher the discount for lack of marketability, the lower the fair value of the stocks	1% increase/decrease in the discount for lack of marketability would result in decrease/increase in the Group's profit or loss by NT\$205 thousand
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income					
Stocks	Market approach	discount for lack of marketability	10%~35%	The higher the discount for lack of marketability, the lower the fair value of the stocks	1% increase/decrease in the discount for lack of marketability would result in decrease/increase in the Group's equity by NT\$7,042 thousand

As of September 30, 2023

	Valuation techniques	Significant unobservable inputs	Quantitative information	Relationship between inputs and fair value	Sensitivity of the input to fair value
Financial assets:					
At fair value through profit or loss					
Stocks	Market approach	discount for lack of marketability	10%~20%	The higher the discount for lack of marketability, the lower the fair value of the stocks	1% increase/decrease in the discount for lack of marketability would result in decrease/increase in the Group's profit or loss by NT\$220 thousand
At fair value through other comprehensive income					
Stocks	Market approach	discount for lack of marketability	10%~35%	The higher the discount for lack of marketability, the lower the fair value of the stocks	1% increase/decrease in the discount for lack of marketability would result in decrease/increase in the Group's profit or

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loss by NT\$6,892
thousand

- (c) Fair value measurement hierarchy of the Group's assets and liabilities not measured at fair value but for which the fair value is disclosed

As of September 30, 2024

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets not measured at fair value but for which the fair value is disclosed:				
Investment properties (please refer to Note 6)	\$-	\$-	\$409,717	\$409,717
Investments accounted for using the equity method (please refer to Note 6)	250,877	-	-	250,877

As of December 31, 2023

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets not measured at fair value but for which the fair value is disclosed:				
Investment properties (please refer to Note 6)	\$-	\$-	\$409,717	\$409,717
Investments accounted for using the equity method (please refer to Note 6)	128,635	-	-	128,635

As of September 30, 2023

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets not measured at fair value but for which the fair value is disclosed:				
Investment properties (please refer to Note 6)	\$-	\$-	\$416,253	\$416,253
Investments accounted for using the equity method (please refer to Note 6)	106,038	-	-	106,038

- (9) Significant assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies

Information regarding the significant assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies is listed below:

As of September 30, 2024			
	Foreign exchange		
	Foreign currencies	rate	NTD
Financial assets			
Monetary items:			
USD	\$2,707	31.65	\$85,664
SGD	129	24.72	3,184
ZAR	28,382	1.85	52,560
CNY	2,098	4.52	9,482
HKD	3,681	4.08	15,017

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Investments accounted for using the equity method:

ZAR	\$102,937	1.85	\$190,433
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Financial liabilities

Monetary items:

USD	\$80	31.65	\$2,521
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As of December 31, 2023

	Foreign exchange		
	Foreign currencies	rate	NTD
<u>Financial assets</u>			
Monetary items:			
USD	\$4,378	30.71	\$134,447
SGD	116	23.29	2,699
ZAR	20,524	1.66	34,009
CNY	2,095	4.33	9,064
HKD	3,677	3.93	14,455
JPY	10,718	0.22	2,328

Investments accounted for using the equity method:

ZAR	\$80,131	1.66	\$133,016
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Financial liabilities

Monetary items:

JPY	\$19,401	0.22	\$4,214
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As of September 30, 2023

	Foreign exchange		
	Foreign currencies	rate	NTD
<u>Financial assets</u>			
Monetary items:			
USD	\$2,138	32.27	\$68,990
SGD	116	23.53	2,718
ZAR	20,139	1.68	33,833
CNY	2,094	4.42	9,257
HKD	3,676	4.12	15,146
JPY	10,718	0.22	2,317

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Investments accounted for using the equity method:

ZAR	\$74,540	1.68	\$125,228
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Financial liabilities

Monetary items:

USD	\$6	32.27	\$204
JPY	16,104	0.22	3,482

Due to the various types of corporate functional currencies of the Group, it is not possible to disclose the exchange gains and losses of monetary financial assets and financial liabilities according to the foreign currencies that have a significant impact. The Group's foreign currency exchange gains and losses for the three-month periods ended September 30, 2024 and 2023, and for the nine-month periods ended September 30, 2024 and 2023 were gain of NT\$ 624 thousand, gain of NT\$ 1,325 thousand, gain of NT\$ 7,083 thousand and loss of NT\$ 176 thousand, respectively.

The above information is disclosed based on the foreign currency book value (which has been converted to functional currency).

(10) Capital management

The primary objective of the Group's capital management is to ensure that it maintains a strong credit rating and healthy capital ratios in order to support its business and maximize shareholder value. The Group manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it, in light of changes in economic conditions. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust dividend payment to shareholders, return capital to shareholders or issue new shares.

13. Other disclosure

A. Information at significant transactions

- (a) Loan funds to others (None).
- (b) Endorsement and guarantee for others (None).
- (c) Status of holding marketable securities at the end of the period (excluding investment in subsidiaries, affiliates and joint venture equity) (Attachment 1).
- (d) The cumulative amount of buying or selling of the same securities amounts to NT\$300 million or more than 20% of the paid-in capital (None).
- (e) The amount of real estate acquired reaches NT\$300 million or more than 20% of the paid-in capital (None).
- (f) Disposal of real estate with an amount of NT\$300 million or more than 20% of the paid-in capital (None).

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- (g) The amount of goods purchased or sold with related parties is NT\$100 million or more than 20% of the paid-in capital (Attachment 2).
- (h) Receivables from related parties amounting to NT\$100 million or more than 20% of the paid-in capital (None).
- (i) Engaged in derivatives trading (None).
- (j) Others: business relations and various transactions and amounts between parent and subsidiary companies and between subsidiaries (Attachment 4).

B. Information on investees (Attachment 3).

C. Information on investments in Mainland China (None).

D. Information on major shareholders (Attachment 5)

14. Segment information

For management purposes, the Group is organized into business units based on their products and services and has three reportable operating departments as follows:

- (1) A Dept : The department includes the business of manufacturing, processing and sales of copper foil substrates.
- (2) B Dept : The department includes the business of manufacturing, processing and sales of wires and cables, communication products and accessories.

Management monitors the operating results of its business units separately for the purpose of making decisions about resource allocation and performance assessment. Department performance is evaluated based on operating profit or loss and is measured based on accounting policies consistent with those in the consolidated financial statements. However income taxes are managed on a group basis and are not allocated to operating segments.

Transfer prices between operating department are on an arm's length basis in a manner similar to transactions with third parties.

(1) Information about reportable segment profit or loss, assets and liabilities

For the three-month periods ended September 30, 2024

	A Dept	B Dept	Other operating Dept	Adjustment and elimination	Consolidated
Revenue					
External customer	\$-	\$1,520,662	\$17,321	\$-	\$1,537,983
Inter-segment	-	16,578	472	(17,050)	-
Total revenue	\$-	\$1,537,240	\$17,793	\$(17,050)	\$1,537,983

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Segment profit	\$-	\$155,543	\$15,863	\$(1,879)	\$169,527
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For the three-month periods ended September 30, 2023

	A Dept	B Dept	Other operating Dept	Adjustment and elimination	Consolidated
Revenue					
External customer	\$44,907	\$1,571,408	\$20,213	\$-	\$1,636,528
Inter-segment	-	20,676	21,527	(42,203)	-
Total revenue	\$44,907	\$1,592,084	\$41,740	\$(42,203)	\$1,636,528
Segment profit	\$(52,940)	\$237,613	\$(24,405)	\$(6,445)	\$153,823

For the nine-month periods ended September 30, 2024

	A Dept	B Dept	Other operating Dept	Adjustment and elimination	Consolidated
Revenue					
External customer	\$-	\$4,772,632	\$50,540	\$-	\$4,823,172
Inter-segment	-	47,651	14,527	(62,178)	-
Total revenue	\$-	\$4,820,283	\$65,067	\$(62,178)	\$4,823,172
Segment profit	\$-	\$660,039	\$103,752	\$(12,314)	\$751,477

For the nine-month periods ended September 30, 2023

	A Dept	B Dept	Other operating Dept	Adjustment and elimination	Consolidated
Revenue					
External customer	\$178,077	\$4,191,923	\$78,558	\$-	\$4,448,558
Inter-segment	-	74,010	25,718	(99,728)	-
Total revenue	\$178,077	\$4,265,933	\$104,276	\$(99,728)	\$4,448,558
Segment profit	\$(104,293)	\$602,774	\$66,530	\$(18,412)	\$546,599

- (a) Inter-department revenue are eliminated on consolidation and recorded under the “adjustment and elimination” column, all other adjustments and eliminations are disclosed below.
- (b) The profit and loss of the department includes the investment and business relationship between the departments because of the equity method of investment in another department. Therefore, the profit and loss of the department includes the investment profit and loss of the other department and the business transaction. The company and its subsidiaries are in the preparation of the merger department It will be eliminated in the case of profit and loss.

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The following table presents segment assets of the Group's operating segments as of September 30, 2024 and 2023.

	A Dept	B Dept	Other operating Dept	Adjustment and elimination	Consolidated
Sep.30, 2024	\$-	\$4,618,127	\$4,278,673	\$(331,137)	\$8,565,663
Dec.31, 2023	\$158,108	\$3,928,540	\$4,742,911	\$(333,380)	\$8,496,179
Sep.30, 2023	\$277,395	\$3,793,803	\$4,303,064	\$(336,119)	\$8,038,143

The following table presents segment liabilities of the Group's operating segments as of September 30, 2024 and 2023.

	A Dept	B Dept	Other operating Dept	Adjustment and elimination	Consolidated
Sep 30, 2024	\$-	\$808,438	\$236,870	\$(8,051)	\$1,037,257
Dec.31, 2023	\$252	\$712,612	\$253,178	\$(22,831)	\$943,211
Sep.30, 2023	\$12,513	\$573,598	\$227,430	\$(31,841)	\$781,700

(2) Information on reconciliation of reportable segment revenue, profit and loss, assets, liabilities and other major items

(a) Revenue

	For the three-month periods ended		For the nine-month periods ended	
	September. 30 2024	September. 30 2023	September. 30 2024	September. 30 2023
Reportable segment revenue total	\$1,537,240	\$1,636,991	\$4,820,283	\$4,444,010
Other segment revenue	17,793	41,740	65,067	104,276
Elimination of inter-segment revenue	(17,050)	(42,203)	(62,178)	(99,728)
Group revenue	\$1,537,983	\$1,636,528	\$4,823,172	\$4,448,558

(b) Profit and loss

	For the three-month periods ended		For the nine-month periods ended	
	September. 30 2024	September. 30 2023	September. 30 2024	September. 30 2023
Reportable segment profit and loss total	\$155,543	\$184,673	\$660,039	\$498,481
Profit and loss of other segments	15,863	(24,405)	103,752	66,530
Deduction of inter-segment benefits	(1,879)	(6,445)	(12,314)	(18,412)
Pre-tax net profit of continuing operations	\$169,527	\$153,823	\$751,477	\$546,599

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(c) Assets

	As of		
	September 30, 2024	December 31, 2023	September 30, 2023
Total reportable segment assets	\$4,618,127	\$4,086,648	\$4,071,198
Other segment assets	4,278,673	4,742,911	4,303,064
Elimination of investments using the equity method	(323,062)	(310,550)	(304,254)
Elimination of inter-segment receivables	(7,643)	(22,783)	(31,722)
Elimination of inter-segment current assets	(267)	-	(72)
Elimination of inter-segment right-of-used assets	(165)	(47)	(71)
Group assets	<u>\$8,565,663</u>	<u>\$8,496,179</u>	<u>\$8,038,143</u>

(d) Liabilities

	As of		
	September 30, 2024	December 31, 2023	September 30, 2023
Total reportable department debt	\$808,438	\$712,864	\$586,111
Other segment liabilities	236,870	253,178	227,430
Elimination of inter-segment payables	(7,433)	(22,783)	(19,605)
Elimination of inter-segment current liabilities	(453)	(48)	(12,165)
Elimination of inter-segment lease liabilities	(165)	-	(71)
Group liabilities	<u>\$1,037,257</u>	<u>\$943,211</u>	<u>\$781,700</u>

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Attachment 1: Securities held as of September 30, 2024 (not including subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures)

			As of September 30, 2024				Unit: NTD thousand	
Company	Type and Name of the Securities (Note)	Relationship	Financial Statement Account	Shares	Carrying Amount	Percentage of Ownership (%)	Fair Value	Note
Hong Tai Electric Industrial Co., LTD.	Anlente Corporation	None	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, current	191	\$12	0.00	\$12	
	Advanced Ceramic X Corporation	"	"	20,000	3,550	0.03	3,550	
	ITIQ Corporation	"	"	250,000	18,875	0.07	18,875	
	Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Co., Ltd.	"	"	65,000	62,205	0.00	62,205	
	China Development Financial Holding Corporation	"	"	100,000	1,650	0.00	1,650	
	Macronix International Co., Ltd.	"	"	250,000	6,700	0.01	6,700	
	Foresee Pharmaceuticals Co., Ltd.	"	"	950	78	0.00	78	
	Tin Technology, Inc.	"	"	156,403	3,205	0.38	3,205	
	Gosung Corp., Ltd.	"	"	300,000	8,175	1.69	8,175	
	Grand Optoelectronic Technology Inc.	"	"	375,000	9,788	0.26	9,788	
	Grand Fortune Securities Co., Ltd.	"	"	4,813,694	63,300	1.22	63,300	
	Powerchip Semiconductor Manufacturing Corporat	"	"	652,615	14,096	0.02	14,096	
	Victronics Technologies Inc.	"	"	404	26	0.00	26	
	Twi Biotechnology, Inc.	"	"	500,000	5,740	0.57	5,740	
	Raytek Semiconductor, Inc.	The supervisor of the company	"	1,500,000	8,280	1.25	8,280	
	Lux Bioscience, Inc.	None	"	97,983	7,704	0.12	7,704	
	Tai Sin Electric Cable Manufacturer Limited	"	"	1,580,189	15,818	0.00	15,818	
	Quanta Computer Inc.	"	"	11,000	2,904	0.00	2,904	
	Hon Hai Precision Industry co., Ltd.	"	"	16,000	3,000	0.00	3,000	
	Gold Circuit Electronics Ltd.	"	"	16,000	3,168	0.00	3,168	
	MoldaFox Inc.	"	"	2,000	2,150	0.00	2,150	
	Elite Advanced Laser Corporation	"	"	15,000	2,783	0.01	2,783	
	Fositek Corp.	"	"	1,000	825	0.00	825	
	Formon Vehicle Technologies Co., Ltd.	"	"	65,000	3,003	0.00	3,003	
	MOI 5.9% 02/14/39	"	"	200,000	6,666	0.00	6,666	
	AXP 3.95% 8/1/25	"	"	200,000	6,306	0.00	6,306	
	DIS3.6% 1/13/51	"	"	200,000	5,074	0.00	5,074	
	QCCM4.5% 5/20/52	"	"	200,000	5,842	0.00	5,842	
	T 4.5% 30/1/24	"	"	200,000	6,328	0.00	6,328	
	USTB4.875% 1/1/25	"	"	200,000	6,400	0.00	6,400	
	Subtotal				283,851		283,851	
	Anlente Corporation	None	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income, non-current	4,589,000	276,258	0.93	276,258	
	Grand Fortune Securities Co., Ltd.	"	"	12,594,298	165,615	3.18	165,615	
	Foresee Pharmaceuticals Co., Ltd.	"	"	1,192,244	98,560	0.88	98,560	
	Taiwan Pharmaceuticals Co., Ltd.	"	"	208,587	2,508	0.39	2,508	
	Twi Biotechnology, Inc.	"	"	813,556	9,340	0.93	9,340	
	SynexRx International (Taiwan) Corp.	"	"	305,744	2,293	0.23	2,293	
	Victronics Technologies Inc.	"	"	1,315,882	84,743	1.85	84,743	
	LARGAN Precision Co., Ltd.	"	"	20,000	50,800	0.02	50,800	
	Handa Pharmaceuticals, Inc.	"	"	574,190	32,895	0.41	32,895	
	Ever Fortune AI Co., Ltd.	"	"	150,000	12,720	0.15	12,720	
	Raydium Semiconductor Co., Ltd.	"	"	50,000	16,925	0.07	16,925	
	Co-Tech Development Co., Ltd.	"	"	420,000	26,273	0.17	26,273	
	Walton Labwa Corporation	"	"	300,000	10,500	0.01	10,500	
	Parade Technologies, Inc.	"	"	120,000	91,320	0.15	91,320	
Nan Ya Plastics Corporation	"	"	220,000	10,580	0.00	10,580		
Nanya Technology Corporation	"	"	100,000	4,735	0.00	4,735		
Lix-On Technology Corporation	"	"	120,000	11,940	0.01	11,940		
Challase Finance Co., Ltd.	"	"	122,000	19,947	0.01	19,947		
Action Technology Corporation	"	"	20,000	3,500	0.02	3,500		
Taiwan Semiconductor Company Limited	"	"	40,000	2,564	0.02	2,564		
TCM Biotech International Corp.	"	"	225,000	11,819	0.00	11,819		
American Belle Bio, Inc.	"	"	66,666	84,410	0.00	84,410		
Formon Vehicle Technologies Co., Ltd.	"	"	600,000	27,720	0.07	27,720		
Chang Hsin Electric & Machinery Manufacturing Corporation	"	"	55,000	9,487	0.00	9,487		
Ta Ya Electric Wire & Cable Co., Ltd.	"	"	100,000	5,070	0.01	5,070		
Hon Hai Precision Industry co., Ltd.	"	"	220,000	41,250	0.02	41,250		
Gold Circuit Electronics Ltd.	"	"	60,000	11,880	0.01	11,880		
Tsung Company	"	"	70,000	3,440	0.00	3,440		
Elite Material Co., Ltd.	"	"	30,000	13,410	0.00	13,410		
Unimicron Technology Corp.	"	"	60,000	8,640	0.00	8,640		
Taiwan Union Technology Corporation	"	"	58,000	9,889	0.02	9,889		
Etson Technology, Inc.	"	"	500,000	18,675	0.15	18,675		
Realtek Semiconductor Corp.	"	"	4,000	1,884	0.00	1,884		
First Hiace Enterprise Co., Ltd.	"	"	5,000	480	0.00	480		
Quanta Computer Inc.	"	"	50,000	13,280	0.00	13,280		
United Electric Industry Co., Ltd.	Director of the related party	"	6,599,722	133,124	7.81	133,124		
Lianfa Metal Enterprise Co., Ltd.	"	"	8,067,300	172,076	16.13	172,076		
Athena Capital Management	None	"	3,000,000	16,710	6.50	16,710		
Powertec Electrochemical Corporation	"	"	11,532,799	0	0.87	0		
SCI Steel-Cye Taiwan Co., Ltd.	"	"	550,000	21,346	0.39	21,346		
American BrVison (Holding) Corporation	"	"	1,667	36	0.00	36		
VM Discovery, Inc.	"	"	142,858	20,503	0.57	20,503		
China Development Financial Holding Corporation	"	"	677,143	4,950	1.71	4,950		
Hercules Bioventure I.L.P.	"	"	210,526	12,238	1.88	12,238		
Hercules Bioventure I.L.P	"	"	200,000	4,642	4.42	4,642		
Espeno Biopharma Inc.	"	"	130,619	0	0.56	0		
Alphas Limited	"	"	255,658	0	0.32	0		
Raytek Semiconductor, Inc.	The supervisor of the company	"	2,168,027	11,968	1.81	11,968		
AnMax Bio, Inc.	None	"	305,760	8,283	0.41	8,283		
Foryou Venture Capital Limited Partnership	"	"	1,307,692	20,622	2.51	20,622		
Dachang Venture Capital	"	"	2,000,000	15,000	1.82	15,000		
eIver Technology Limited	"	"	3,039,473	43,282	7.60	43,282		
Obigen Pharma, Inc.	"	"	812,500	26,910	0.77	26,910		
Biossion Hill Therapeutics, Inc.	"	"	640,391	55,731	1.75	55,731		
Eliken Immunotherapeutics (Cayman) Limited	"	"	1,139,566	23,844	1.70	23,844		
eVSD Microelectronics, Inc.	"	"	1,904,761	20,343	2.02	20,343		
Cleամամ Biomedical, Inc.	"	"	400,000	28,484	2.47	28,484		
Foryou Private Equity Limited Partnership	"	"	3,000,000	24,600	3.00	24,600		
Austrom Holdings Inc.	"	"	581,296	14,628	1.92	14,628		
AZ Venture Investment II Limited	"	"	1,500,000	11,505	12.50	11,505		
Bekey Biofund Inc.	"	"	3,079,093	24,540	1.50	24,540		
Piecemakers Technology, Inc.	"	"	857,000	22,486	2.51	22,486		
Subtotal				1,952,931		1,952,931		
Total				\$2,216,782		\$2,216,782		

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Attachment 1.1: Securities held as of September 30, 2024 (not including subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures)

Unit: NTD thousand

Company	Type and Name of the Securities (Note)	Relationship	Financial Statement Account	As of September 30, 2024				Note
				Shares	Carrying Amount	Percentage of Ownership (%)	Fair Value	
Safety Investment Corp.	Grand Fortune Securities Co., Ltd.	None	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, current	634,735	\$8,347	0.16	\$8,347	
	TCI CO., LTD.	"	"	744	102	0.00	102	
	Advanced Ceramic X Corporation	"	"	20,000	3,550	0.02	3,550	
	TA-I Technology Co., Ltd.	"	"	30,000	1,587	0.02	1,587	
	Unictron Technologies Corporation	"	"	40,000	2,776	0.08	2,776	
	Wendell Industrial Co., Ltd.	"	"	16,799	1,738	0.07	1,738	
	Vivotek Inc.	"	"	40,000	5,000	0.05	5,000	
	Giant Manufacturing Co.,Ltd.	"	"	151,000	33,824	0.04	33,824	
	Subtotal				56,924		56,924	
	Grand Fortune Securities Co., Ltd.	None	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income,current	598,695	7,873	0.15	7,873	
	Lianfa Metal Enterprise Co., LTD.	"	"	398,000	8,489	0.80	8,489	
	Ever Fortune.AI Co., Ltd.	"	"	30,000	2,544	0.03	2,544	
	Foresee Pharmaceuticals Co., Ltd.	"	"	50,326	4,152	0.04	4,152	
	Beiley Biofund Inc.	"	"	179,418	1,430	0.09	1,430	
	Subtotal				24,488		24,488	
	Total				\$81,412		\$81,412	

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Attachment 1.2: Securities held as of September 30, 2024 (not including subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures)

Unit: NTD thousand

Company	Type and Name of the Securities (Note)	Relationship	Financial Statement Account	As of September 30, 2024				Note
				Shares	Carrying Amount	Percentage of Ownership (%)	Fair Value	
Moneywin International Ltd.	Hui Xian Real Estate Investment Trust	None	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income, non-current	315,000	\$798 (USD 25 thousand)	0.00	\$798	CNY 0.56
	Great Team Backend Foundry, Inc.	"	"	849,387	26,883 (USD 849 thousand)	2.94	26,883	USD 1.00
	Pyxis Oncology, Inc.	"	"	3,720	426 (USD 13 thousand)	0.00	426	USD 3.62
	American Well Corporation	"	"	6,768	2,035 (USD 64 thousand)	0.05	2,035	USD 9.50
	Total				<u>\$30,142</u>		<u>\$30,142</u>	

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Attachment 2: Purchases or sales of goods from or to related parties exceeding NT\$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more

Unit: NTD thousand

Purchaser / Seller	Counter-party	Relationship	Transaction				Details of non-arms Length transaction		Notes/Accounts Receivable (Payable)		Note
			Purchase/ Sale	Amount	Percentage of total Purchase/Sale	Term	Unit Price	Term	Balance	Percentage of toal Receivable (Payable)	
Hong Tai Electric Industrial Co., LTD.	Lianfa Metal Enterprise Co., LTD.	Director of the related party	Purchase	<u>\$1,340,658</u>	<u>31.54%</u>	60 days	(Note 1)	(Note 1)	<u>\$(1,848)</u>	<u>(0.49%)</u>	
"	United Electric Industry Co., Ltd.	"	"	<u>\$177,796</u>	<u>4.19%</u>	"	"	"	<u>\$(12,508)</u>	<u>(3.30%)</u>	

(Note 1) The transaction terms are similar to those of general transactions.

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Attachment 3: Names, locations and related information of investee companies as of September 30, 2024 (excluding Mainland China)

Unit: NTD thousand

Investor	Investee	Region	Main Business	Initial Investment		As of September 30, 2024			Investees company net income in 2024	Share of Profits/Losses	Note
				Balance at September 30, 2024	Balance at December 31, 2023	Number of shares	Percentage	Amount			
Hong Tai Electric Industrial Co., LTD.	Safety Investment Corp.	Taiwan	Investing	\$37,707	\$37,644	8,800,000	100.00%	\$130,821	\$5,316	\$5,290	
"	Moneywin International Ltd.	Virgin Islands	Investing	144,991 (USD 4,431 thousand)	144,991 (USD 4,431 thousand)	4,430,860	100.00%	134,594	4,355	4,355	
"	Hong-Hong Engineer Co. Ltd.	Taiwan	Cable installation engineering industry	18,630	18,630	3,575,880	86.00%	51,642	2,755	2,369	
"	South Ocean Holdings Ltd.	South Africa	Holding company	492,851	492,851	56,270,187	27.68%	169,749	94,391	27,037	
								<u>\$486,806</u>		<u>\$39,051</u>	

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Attachment 3.1: Names, locations and related information of investee companies as of September 30, 2024— Moneywin International Ltd. (excluding Mainland China) :

Unit: NTD thousand

Investor	Investee	Region	Main Business	Initial Investment		As of September 30, 2024			Investees company net income in 2024	Share of Profits/Losses	Note
				Balance at September 30, 2024	Balance at December 31, 2023	Number of shares	Percentage	Amount			
Moneywin International Ltd.	South Ocean Holdings Ltd.	South Africa	Holding company	\$71,618	\$71,618	6,222,630	3.06%	\$20,683	\$94,391	\$2,976	
				(USD 2,401 thousand)	(USD 2,401 thousand)			(USD 653 thousand)			

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Attachment 3.2: Names, locations and related information of investee companies as of September 30, 2024—Safety Investment Corp. (excluding Mainland China) :

Unit: NTD thousand

Investor	Investee	Region	Main Business	Original cost		As of September 30, 2024			Investees company net income in 2024	Share of Profits/Losses	Note
				Balance at September 30, 2024	Balance at December 31, 2023	Number of shares	Percentage	Amount			
Safety Investment Corp.	Hong-Hong Engineer Co. Ltd.	Taiwan	Cable installation engineering industry	\$2,557	\$2,557	415,800	10.00%	\$6,005	\$2,755	\$276	

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Attachment 4: Significant intercompany transactions between consolidated entities

Unit: NTD thousand

No.	Company name	Counterparty	Relationship	Transaction			
				Account	Amount	Transaction terms	Percentage of consolidated total operating revenues or total assets
0	Hong Tai Electric Industrial Co., LTD.	Safety Investment Corp.	The Company to subsidiaries	Rent income	\$96	Regular	0.00%
				Other income	109	Regular	0.00%
		Hong-Hong Engineer Co. Ltd.	The Company to subsidiaries	Sale	47,651	Regular	0.99%
				Purchase	4,574	Regular	0.09%
				Operating Costs	9,753	Regular	0.20%
				Rent income	432	Regular	0.01%
				Other income	277	Regular	0.01%
				Account receivable	7,433	-	0.09%
				Other receivable	243	-	0.00%
				Other payable	210	-	0.00%

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Attachment 5: Information of major shareholder

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(Note 1) The information of major shareholders in this table is based on the last business day of the end of each quarter by CCB, and calculates that shareholders hold more than 5% of the company's ordinary shares and special shares that have completed unregistered delivery (including treasury shares). As for the share capital recorded in the company's financial report and the company's actual completed number of shares delivered without physical registration, there may be differences or differences due to different calculation bases.

(Note 2) In the case of the above information, if the shareholder delivers the shares to the trust, it is disclosed in the individual accounts of the trustee who opened the trust account by the trustee. As for the shareholder's declaration of insider's equity holding more than 10% of the shares in accordance with the Securities and Exchange Act, their shareholding includes their own shareholding plus the shares delivered to the trust and the right to use the trust property, etc. For information on insider's equity declaration, please refer to Market Observation Post System.